



**Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank**

Interim Financial Statements  
for the six-month period  
ended 30 June 2022



## Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank Corporate Information

### Banking Operation Licence No.

91/GP-NHNN

28 March 2008

The Banking Operation Licence was granted by the State Bank of Vietnam and is valid for 99 years from the issuance date.

The Company's Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 6300048638 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Hanoi has been amended several times, the most recent of which is the 21<sup>st</sup> amendment dated 19 May 2022.

### Board of Directors

Mr. Huynh Ngoc Huy	Chairman
Mr. Pham Doan Son	Standing Vice Chairman
Mr. Duong Cong Toan	Vice Chairman
Mr. Nguyen Duc Thuy	Vice Chairman
Mr. Le Hong Phong	Member
Ms. Duong Hoai Lien	Independent Member

### Supervisory Board

Mr. Tran Thanh Tung	Chairman
Ms. Nguyen Thi Lan Anh	Member
Mr. Phung The Viet	Member

### Board of Management

Mr. Pham Doan Son	Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Ho Nam Tien	Standing Deputy Executive Officer
Mr. Bui Thai Ha	Deputy Executive Officer
Ms. Nguyen Thi Gam	Deputy Executive Officer
Ms. Nguyen Anh Van	Deputy Executive Officer
Mr. Vu Quoc Khanh	Deputy Executive Officer
Mr. Nguyen Thanh Tung	Deputy Executive Officer
Mr. Nguyen Quoc Thanh	Deputy Executive Officer
Mr. Kim Minh Tuan	Deputy Executive Officer
Mr. Nguyen Ngoc Nam	Deputy Executive Officer
Ms. Le Thi Thanh Nga	Deputy Executive Officer
Ms. Vu Thu Hien	Deputy Executive Officer
Mr. Nguyen Quy Chien	Deputy Executive Officer
Mr. Hoang Van Phuc	Deputy Executive Officer
Mr. Le Anh Tung	Deputy Executive Officer

### Registered office

1<sup>st</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> Floors, Thaiholdings Tower  
210 Tran Quang Khai Street,  
Trang Tien Ward, Hoan Kiem District  
Hanoi, Vietnam

### Auditor

KPMG Limited  
Vietnam

## Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank Statement of the Board of Management

The Board of Management of Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank ("the Bank") presents this statement and the accompanying interim financial statements of the Bank for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022.

The Board of Management of the Bank is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the interim financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System applicable to Credit institutions issued by the State Bank of Vietnam and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting. In the opinion of the Board of Management of the Bank:

- (a) the interim financial statements set out on pages 5 to 77 give a true and fair view of the financial position of Bank as at 30 June 2022, and of its results of operations and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System applicable to Credit institutions issued by the State Bank of Vietnam and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are no reasons to believe that the Bank will not be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The Board of Management of the Bank has, on the date of this statement, authorised the accompanying interim financial statements for issue.

On behalf of the Board of Management



*Pham Doan Son*  
Chief Executive Officer

Hanoi, 12 August 2022



KPMG Limited  
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## INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION REVIEW REPORT

**To: The Shareholders  
Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank**

We have reviewed the accompanying interim financial statements of Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank ("the Bank"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the statement of income and the statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended and the explanatory notes thereto which were authorised for issue by the Bank's Board of Management on 12 August 2022, as set out on pages 5 to 77.

### **The Bank's Board of Management 's responsibility**

The Bank's Board of Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System applicable to Credit institutions issued by the State Bank of Vietnam and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting, and for such internal control as the Board of Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of the interim financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements No. 2410 - *Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity*.

A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



### Auditor's Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements do not give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the financial position of Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank as at 30 June 2022, and of its results of operations and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System applicable to Credit institutions issued by the State Bank of Vietnam and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting.

**KPMG Limited**

Vietnam

Review Report No. 22-02-00021-22-1



  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Đàm Xuân Lam  
Practicing Auditor Registration  
Certificate No. 0861-2018-007-1  
Deputy General Director



\_\_\_\_\_  
Le Nhat Vuong  
Practicing Auditor Registration  
Certificate No. 3849-2022-007-1

Hanoi, 12 August 2022



	Note	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
<b>A ASSETS</b>			
<b>I Cash</b>	4	2,016,854	2,751,278
<b>II Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam</b>	5	4,834,479	9,867,646
<b>III Deposits with and loans to other Credit institutions (“CIs”)</b>	6	19,220,966	22,438,493
1 Deposits with other CIs		18,868,236	21,287,760
2 Loans to other CIs		358,198	1,150,733
3 Allowance for loans to other CIs		(5,468)	-
<b>IV Securities held for trading</b>	7	237,085	232,521
1 Securities held for trading		237,085	232,521
<b>V Derivatives and other financial assets</b>	8	-	84,831
<b>VI Loans to customers</b>		223,055,011	205,783,434
1 Loans to customers	9	226,914,895	208,954,136
2 Allowance for loans to customers	10	(3,859,884)	(3,170,702)
<b>VII Debts purchased</b>	11	1,558,333	-
1 Debts purchased		1,570,109	-
2 Allowance for debts purchased		(11,776)	-
<b>VIII Investment securities</b>		42,102,592	38,689,486
1 Available-for-sale securities	12(a)	42,102,592	38,706,806
3 Allowance for investment securities	12(c)	-	(17,320)
<b>IX Long-term investments</b>		315,931	315,931
4 Other long-term investments	13	315,931	315,931
<b>X Fixed assets</b>		1,623,875	1,584,457
1 Tangible fixed assets	14	1,138,576	1,092,819
a Cost		2,679,260	2,530,702
b Accumulated depreciation		(1,540,684)	(1,437,883)
3 Intangible fixed assets	15	485,299	491,638
a Cost		657,084	672,549
b Accumulated amortisation		(171,785)	(180,911)
<b>XII Other assets</b>	16	5,954,107	7,445,802
1 Receivables		1,444,292	1,248,734
2 Accrued interest and fee receivables		3,881,837	5,383,067
3 Other assets		632,897	818,920
4 Allowance for other assets		(4,919)	(4,919)
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>300,919,233</b>	<b>289,193,879</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements

	Note	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
<b>B</b>			
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>			
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>I</b>			
<b>Amounts due to the Government and the State Bank of Vietnam</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>144,909</b>	<b>1,702,874</b>
1 Deposits and borrowings from the Government and the State Bank of Vietnam		144,909	1,702,874
<b>II</b>			
<b>Deposits and borrowings from other CIs</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>45,619,392</b>	<b>46,281,380</b>
1 Deposits from other CIs		35,140,008	36,848,831
2 Borrowings from other CIs		10,479,384	9,432,549
<b>III</b>			
<b>Deposits from customers</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>185,787,552</b>	<b>180,276,346</b>
<b>IV</b>			
<b>Derivatives and other financial liabilities</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>74,191</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>VI</b>			
<b>Valuable papers issued</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>38,849,693</b>	<b>36,737,629</b>
<b>VII</b>			
<b>Other liabilities</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>10,693,124</b>	<b>7,393,773</b>
1 Accrued interest and fee payables		5,245,692	5,696,602
3 Other liabilities		5,447,432	1,697,171
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>281,168,861</b>	<b>272,392,002</b>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>			
<b>VIII</b>			
<b>Equity and reserves</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>19,750,372</b>	<b>16,801,877</b>
1 Capital		12,385,920	12,035,962
a Charter capital		12,385,863	12,035,905
c Share premium		57	57
2 Reserves		2,183,660	2,183,660
5 Retained earnings		5,180,792	2,582,255
<b>TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		<b>19,750,372</b>	<b>16,801,877</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		<b>300,919,233</b>	<b>289,193,879</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements

Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank  
 1st, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th Floors, Thaiholdings Tower  
 210 Tran Quang Khai Street, Trang Tien Ward  
 Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam  
 Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022 (continued)

**Form B02a/TCTD**  
 (Issued in accordance with Circular  
 No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN  
 dated 31 December 2014 of  
 the Governor of the State Bank of Vietnam)

	Note	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million	
<b>OFF STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION ITEMS</b>				
<b>I CONTINGENT LIABILITIES</b>				
1	Loan guarantees	35	63,340	63,340
2	Foreign exchange commitments	35	106,148,587	72,977,996
	<i>Foreign currency purchase commitments</i>		630,142	2,270,761
	<i>Foreign currency sale commitments</i>		911,669	1,130,987
	<i>Swap commitments</i>		104,606,776	69,576,248
4	Letters of credit	35	1,363,653	1,281,853
5	Other guarantees	35	821,024	891,795
6	Other commitments	35	2,269,990	2,788,402
7	Uncollected loan interest and fees	35	1,672,965	1,782,255
8	Written-off bad debts	35	3,202,942	3,123,928
9	Other assets and documents in custody	35	3,494,221	4,508,038

12 August 2022

Prepared by:



Tran Hoai Thu  
 Head of Finance Department

Reviewed by:



Nguyen Thi Gam  
 Chief Accountant

Approved by:



Pham Doan Son  
 Chief Executive Officer



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements



Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank  
1st, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th Floors, Thaiholdings Tower  
210 Tran Quang Khai Street, Trang Tien Ward  
Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam  
Statement of income  
for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022

Form B03a/TCTD  
(Issued in accordance with Circular  
No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN  
dated 31 December 2014 of  
the Governor of the State Bank of Vietnam)

No.	Items	Note	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
1	Interest and similar income		11,870,387	10,140,030
2	Interest and similar expenses		(5,949,809)	(5,909,197)
<b>I</b>	<b>Net interest income</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>5,920,578</b>	<b>4,230,833</b>
3	Fee and commission income		649,767	499,177
4	Fee and commission expenses		(128,979)	(108,586)
<b>II</b>	<b>Net fee and commission income</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>520,788</b>	<b>390,591</b>
<b>III</b>	<b>Net gain from trading of foreign currencies</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>37,782</b>	<b>113,034</b>
<b>V</b>	<b>Net gain from investment securities</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>346,635</b>	<b>1,823</b>
5	Other income		236,932	105,306
6	Other expenses		(30,435)	(66,923)
<b>VI</b>	<b>Net other income</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>206,497</b>	<b>38,383</b>
<b>VII</b>	<b>Income from equity investments, purchase of shares</b>		<b>825</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>VIII</b>	<b>Operating expenses</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>(2,495,415)</b>	<b>(2,121,349)</b>
<b>IX</b>	<b>Net operating profit before allowance and provision expenses</b>		<b>4,537,690</b>	<b>2,653,315</b>
<b>X</b>	<b>Allowance and provision expenses</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>(949,094)</b>	<b>(615,945)</b>
<b>XI</b>	<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>3,588,596</b>	<b>2,037,370</b>
7	Income tax expense - current	31	(733,128)	(419,903)
<b>XII</b>	<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>(733,128)</b>	<b>(419,903)</b>
<b>XIII</b>	<b>Net profit after tax</b>		<b>2,855,468</b>	<b>1,617,467</b>
<b>XV</b>	<b>Basic earnings per share (VND)</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>2,093</b>	<b>1,215</b>

Restated

12 August 2022

Prepared by:



Tran Hoai Thu  
Head of Finance Department

Reviewed by:



Nguyen Thi Gam  
Chief Accountant

Approved by:



Pham Doan Son  
Chief Executive Officer

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements

**Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank**  
**1st, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th Floors, Thaiholdings Tower**  
**210 Tran Quang Khai Street, Trang Tien Ward**  
**Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam**  
**Statement of cash flows**  
**for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022 (Direct method)**

**Form B04a/TCTD**  
*(Issued in accordance with Circular*  
*No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN*  
*dated 31 December 2014 of*  
*the Governor of the State Bank of Vietnam)*

No.	Items	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
01	Interest and similar income received	13,371,617	9,610,639
02	Interest and similar expenses paid	(6,400,719)	(5,556,530)
03	Net fee and commission income received	520,788	390,591
04	Net receipts from/payments for trading activities of foreign currencies and securities	367,097	114,857
05	Other expenses paid	(7,264)	(49,185)
06	Receipts from recovery of bad debts previously written off	216,942	94,147
07	Payments for operating and salary expenses	(2,446,839)	(2,080,258)
08	Income tax paid during the period	(559,628)	(228,803)
	<b>Net cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities</b>	<b>5,061,994</b>	<b>2,295,458</b>
<b>Changes in operating assets</b>			
09	Decrease/(increase) in deposits with and loans to other CIs	792,535	(949,701)
10	Increase in investment securities	(3,400,350)	(62,658)
11	Decrease in derivatives and other financial assets	84,831	84,012
12	Increase in loans to customers	(19,530,868)	(14,606,217)
13	Decrease in allowance for credit losses and debt handling	(243,303)	(414,253)
14	(Increase)/decrease in other operating assets	(160,981)	33,159
<b>Changes in operating liabilities</b>			
15	Decrease in amounts due to the Government and the State Bank of Vietnam	(1,557,965)	(30,077)
16	Decrease in deposits and borrowings from other CIs	(661,988)	(3,341,242)
17	Increase in deposits from customers	5,511,206	11,646,622
18	Increase in valuable papers issued	2,112,064	3,106,350
20	Derivatives and other financial liabilities	74,191	-
21	Increase/(decrease) in other operating liabilities	3,473,418	(54,614)
22	Utilisations of reserves	(66,640)	(173,645)
<b>I</b>	<b>NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(8,511,856)</b>	<b>(2,466,806)</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements*

Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank  
 1st, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th Floors, Thaiholdings Tower  
 210 Tran Quang Khai Street, Trang Tien Ward  
 Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam  
 Statement of cash flows  
 for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022  
 (Direct method – continued)

**Form B04a/TCTD**  
 (Issued in accordance with Circular  
 No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN  
 dated 31 December 2014 of  
 the Governor of the State Bank of Vietnam)

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
01	(26,686)	(192,778)
02	4,717	300
03	(4,073)	-
09	825	-
<b>II</b>	<b>(25,217)</b>	<b>(192,478)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
01	349,958	-
<b>III</b>	<b>349,958</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>IV</b>	<b>(8,187,115)</b>	<b>(2,659,284)</b>
<b>V</b>	<b>33,906,684</b>	<b>23,801,435</b>
<b>VII</b>	<b>25,719,569</b>	<b>21,142,151</b>

12 August 2022

Prepared by:



Tran Hoai Thu  
 Head of Finance Department

Reviewed by:



Nguyen Thi Gam  
 Chief Accountant

Approved by:



Pham Doan Son  
 Chief Executive Officer

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying interim financial statements.

## **1. Reporting entity**

Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank (hereinafter referred to as “the Bank”) is a commercial joint stock bank incorporated and registered in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

### **(a) Establishment and operation**

Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank (“the Bank”) was formerly known as Lien Viet Joint Stock Commercial Bank, which had been established in accordance with Bank Operation License No. 91/GP-NHNN dated 28 March 2008 by the Governor of the State Bank of Vietnam (“SBV”). The license is valid for 99 years from the issuance date. The Company’s Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 6300048638 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Hanoi has been amended for the 21<sup>st</sup> time on 19 May 2022.

In accordance with Official Letter No. 244/TTg-DMDN dated 21 February 2011, the Vietnamese Prime Minister approved the capital contribution of Vietnam Post Corporation (“Vietnam Post”) in Lien Viet Joint Stock Commercial Bank by the value of Vietnam Postal Savings Service Company (“VPSC”) and cash. As at 1 July 2011, Vietnam Post completed the transfer of assets and liabilities of VPSC to Lien Viet Joint Stock Commercial Bank. Under Decision No. 1633/QD-NHNN dated 22 July 2011 by the State Bank of Vietnam, Lien Viet Joint Stock Commercial Bank was approved to change its name to Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank.

The Bank’s main activities are mobilising and receiving short, medium and long-term deposits from organisations and individuals; granting credit to organisations and individuals up to the nature and capability of the Bank’s capital resources; conducting foreign exchange transactions, trade finance services, discounting of commercial papers, bonds and other valuable papers, and providing other banking services permitted by the State Bank of Vietnam.

### **(b) Charter capital**

As at 30 June 2022, Bank’s share capital was VND12,385,863 million (31/12/2021: VND12,035,905 million). The par value per share is VND10,000.

### **(c) Location and operation network**

The Bank’s Head Office is located at 1st, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th Floors, Thaiholdings Tower, No. 210 Tran Quang Khai, Trang Tien Ward, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam. As at 30 June 2022, the Bank had one (1) Head Office, three (3) representative offices, seventy-six (76) branches, four hundred and eighty (480) transaction offices, five hundred and eighty five (585) post transaction offices nationwide (31/12/2021: the Bank had one (1) Head Office, three (3) representation offices, seventy six (76) branches, four hundred and eighty (480) transaction offices, six hundred and thirteen (613) post transaction offices nationwide).

(d) **Number of employees**

As at 30 June 2022, the Bank had 11,975 employees (31/12/2021: 10,649 employees).

**2. Basis of preparation**

(a) **Statement of compliance**

The interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System applicable to Credit institutions (“CIs”) issued by the State Bank of Vietnam and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting. These standards and relevant statutory requirements may differ in some material respects from the International Financial Reporting Standards and the generally accepted accounting principles and standards in other countries applicable to interim financial reporting. Accordingly, the accompanying interim financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and practices in countries or jurisdictions other than Vietnam. Furthermore, their utilisation is not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam’s accounting principles, procedures and practices applicable to Credit institutions.

(b) **Basis of measurement**

The interim financial statements, except for the statement of cash flows, are prepared on the accrual basis using the historical cost concept. The statement of cash flows is prepared using direct method.

(c) **Annual accounting period**

The Bank’s annual accounting period is from 1 January to 31 December. The interim financial statements are prepared for the six-month period ended 30 June.

(d) **Accounting and presentation currency**

The Bank’s accounting currency is Vietnam Dong (“VND”) which is also the currency used for financial statement presentation purpose, rounded to the nearest million (“VND million”). Regarding basic earnings per share, the Bank presented this item in unit as described in Note 32.

(e) **Form of accounting records applied**

The Bank uses accounting software to record its transactions in the form of a general ledger.

### 3. Summary of significant accounting policies

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted by the Bank in the preparation of these interim financial statements.

The accounting policies that have been adopted by the Bank in the preparation of these interim financial statements are consistent with those adopted in the preparation of the latest annual financial statements.

#### (a) Foreign currency transactions

All transactions are recorded in their original currencies. Monetary items denominated in currencies other than VND are translated into VND at average exchange rate for spot selling and buying of such currencies ("the spot exchange rate") at the end of the last working day of the accounting period if the difference between this spot exchange rate and the weighted average buying and selling rate of the last working day of the accounting period is less than 1%; if the difference between the spot exchange rate at the end of the last working day of the accounting period and the weighted average buying and selling rate of the last working day of the accounting period is 1% or more, the Bank shall use the weighted average buying and selling rate of the last working day of the accounting period. Non-monetary items denominated in currencies other than VND are translated into VND at spot exchange rate ruling at the transaction dates.

Income and expense transactions incurred in currencies other than VND are translated into VND using spot exchange rate ruling at the transaction dates.

Exchange differences arising from revaluation of assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than VND at monthly reporting dates are recorded in "Foreign exchange differences" account in the equity in the statement of financial position and recognised to the statement of income at the end of the annual accounting.

Refer to foreign exchange rates of the main foreign currencies applied as at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021 in Note 40(a).

#### (b) Accounting estimates

The preparation of the interim financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System applicable to Credit institutions issued by the SBV and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting requires the Board of Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim financial statements and the amounts of revenues and expenses during the accounting period. Although these accounting estimates are based on the Board of Management's best knowledge, actual results could differ from those estimates. Adjustments to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the accounting estimates are changed and the affected future periods.

(c) **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash, current accounts at the SBV, deposits with other credit institutions, loans to other credit institutions with original terms to maturity not exceeding three months, investment securities with original terms to maturity not exceeding three months from the transaction date, that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

(d) **Deposits with and loans to other CIs**

Deposits with other credit institutions comprise current deposits and deposits at other credit institutions with original terms not exceeding three months. Loans to other credit institutions are loans with original terms to maturity of not more than twelve months.

Deposits with other credit institutions, except for current deposits, and loans to other credit institutions are stated at the amount of the outstanding principal less specific allowance for credit losses:

Current deposits with other credit institutions are stated at the amount of the outstanding principal.

Credit risk classification of term deposits with and loans to other credit institutions and allowance thereof is made in accordance with Circular No. 11/2021/TT-NHNN dated 30 July 2021 ("Circular 11") of the SBV on classification of assets, level and method of allowance making, and use of allowance against credit risks in banking activities of CIs and foreign banks' branches. Accordingly, the Bank has made debt classification and specific allowance for term deposits with and loans to other credit institutions in accordance with the policy as described in Note 3(i).

In accordance with Circular 11, the Bank is not required to make general allowance for deposits with and loans to other credit institutions.

(e) **Securities held for trading**

(i) **Classification**

Securities held for trading are debt or equity securities which are acquired principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term or there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit-taking.

(ii) **Recognition**

The Bank recognises securities held for trading at the date that it becomes a party to the purchase contract for these securities (trade date accounting).

(iii) **Measurement**

Securities held for trading are measured at cost less allowance for securities held for trading. Allowance for credit risks of securities includes allowance for diminution in value of trading securities which is made if there is evidence that market price of the securities item falls below its carrying amount.

Allowance for diminution in the value of trading securities mentioned above are reversed if their recoverable value subsequently increases after the allowance was recognised. An allowance is reversed only to the extent that the securities' carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that has been determined if no allowance had been recognised.

As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, securities held for trading represent overseas open-ended fund certificates. No allowance is made for overseas open-ended fund certificates classified as securities held for trading.

(iv) **De-recognition**

The Bank derecognises securities held-for-trading when the contractual rights to the cash flows from these securities expired or when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these securities have been transferred.

(f) **Investment securities**

(i) **Classification**

Investment securities comprise available-for-sale investment securities. The Bank classifies investment securities at the purchase date as available-for-sale investment securities or held-to-maturity investment securities. In accordance with Official Letter No. 2601/NHNN-TCKT issued by the SBV on 14 April 2009, the Bank is allowed to reclassify investment securities once after initial classification at the purchase date.

Available-for-sale investment securities are debt securities or equity securities held for an indefinite period and may be sold at any time.

(ii) **Recognition**

The Bank recognises investment securities on the date when it becomes a party to the contractual provision of these securities (trade date accounting).

(iii) **Measurement**

**Equity securities**

Available-for-sale equity securities are initially recorded at cost including purchase cost plus other directly attributable costs such as brokerage fees, transaction fees, information fees and bank charges (if any). They are subsequently recognised at the lower of book value and market value with the impairment loss recognised in the statement of income.

Market price of listed available-for-sale equity securities is the closing prices at the latest trading date prior to the end of the annual accounting period.

For available-for-sale equity securities unlisted but registered for trading in the market of unlisted public companies ("UPCOM"), market price is the average price within the last 30 transaction days prior to the end of the annual accounting period announced by the Stock exchange.



For available-for-sale equity securities unlisted and unregistered for trading in the UPCOM, if there are reasonable indications of impairment, provisions for such securities will be made in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 3(g).

In cases where market price of securities cannot be determined reliably, such securities are stated at cost.

#### *Debt securities*

Available-for-sale debt securities are initially recorded at cost, including purchase cost plus other directly attributable costs such as brokerage and transaction fees, information fees, and bank charges (if any). They are subsequently recognised at amortised cost (affected by premium/discount amortisation) less allowance for securities risks (including allowance for credit risks and allowance for devaluation of investment securities). Premium and discounts arising from purchases of debt securities are amortised to the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the period from the acquisition date to the maturity date.

Listed available-for-sale debt securities are measured at cost less allowance for diminution in value which is determined by reference to latest trading price at the Stock Exchange within 10 days to the end of the accounting period. If there is no transaction within 10 days to the end of the accounting period, the Bank will not make allowance for these securities.

Available-for-sale debt securities being bonds of unlisted enterprises are recognised at cost less allowance for credit risks according to Circular 11 as described in Note 3(i).

The remaining unlisted debt securities (excluding bonds of unlisted enterprises) are stated at cost less allowance for diminution in value of securities which is determined by referencing to the market value. In cases where market value of securities is not available or cannot be determined reliably, such securities are stated at cost.

Post-acquisition interest income of available-for-sale debt securities is recognised in the statement of income on an accrual basis. The accumulated interest income before the acquisition date is recognised as a decrease in cost upon receipt.

The allowance for diminution in value of investment securities mentioned above is reversed if their price or their recoverable value subsequently increases after the allowance was recognised. An allowance is reversed only to the extent that the securities' carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that has been determined if no allowance had been recognised.

#### **(iv) De-recognition**

The Bank derecognises available-for-sale investment securities when the contractual rights to the cash flows from these securities have expired or when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these securities have been transferred.

**(g) Long-term investments**

Other long-term investments are investments in the equity of other companies in which the Bank does not have control or significant influence. These long-term investments are initially stated at cost at the date of investment, and subsequently stated at cost less allowance for diminution in the value of investment.

Allowance for diminution in value of long-term investments is made if the economic entity has suffered a loss which may cause the Bank to lose its invested capital, unless there is evidence that the value of the investment has not been diminished. Allowance for diminution in value is determined as the total actual investment capital of the owner at the investee less (-) the owner's equity of the investee multiplied (x) by the Bank's ownership percentage in the investee at the end of the accounting period. The allowance is reversed if the recoverable amounts are subsequently increased after the allowance was recognised. An allowance is reversed only to the extent that the investment's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that has been determined if no allowance had been recognised.

Other long-term investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from those investments have expired or the Bank has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of those investments.

**(h) Loans and advances to customers**

Loans and advances to customers are stated at the amount of principal less allowance for loans to customers. Short-term loans are those with maturity term within one year from the loan disbursement date; medium-term loans are those with maturity term over one year to five years from the loan disbursement date and long-term loans are those with maturity term of more than five years from the loan disbursement date.

Debt classification and allowance for loans to customers are made in accordance with Circular 11 as described in Note 3(i).

**(i) Debt classification, the allowance rate and method of making allowance for credit risks**

**(i) Debt classification**

Classification of term deposits with and loans to other credit institutions, foreign banks' branches, purchases of unlisted corporate bonds, loans to customers, entrusted extension of credit, debts already sold but payments not yet collected, debts repurchased, repurchase of Government bonds, purchase of treasury notes, treasury bills, certificates of deposit issued by other credit institutions or foreign banks' branches (collectively referred to as "debts") is implemented in accordance with Article 10 of Circular 11. Accordingly, the Bank implements monthly debt classification based on loan principals balance at the last working day of the month.

The Bank implements debt classification using the quantitative method as follows:

<i>Group</i>		<i>Overdue status</i>
1	Current	(a) Current debts that being assessed as fully and timely recoverable, both principals and interests; or (a) Debts which are overdue for a period of less than 10 days and being assessed as fully recoverable, both overdue principals and interests, and fully and timely recoverable, both remaining principals and interests.
2	Special mentioned	(a) Debts which are overdue for a period of up to 90 days; or (b) Debts which are restructured repayment term for the first time and are undue.
3	Substandard	(a) Debts which are overdue for a period of between 91 days and 180 days; or (b) Debts which are extended repayment term for the first time and are undue; or (c) Debts which are exempted or reduced interests because customers are not sufficient capability to pay all interests under credit contracts; or (d) Debts in one of the following circumstances which remain unrecovered during a period of 30 days after the date of the recovery decision: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Debts in breach of clauses 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 of Article 126 of the Law on Credit Institutions; or</li> <li>▪ Debts in breach of clauses 1, 2, 3, 4 of Article 127 of the Law on Credit Institutions; or</li> <li>▪ Debts in breach of clauses 1, 2, 5 of Article 128 of the Law on Credit Institutions.</li> </ul> (e) Debts which are recovered under inspection conclusions; or (f) Debts that need to be recovered under premature debt recovery decisions due to borrowers' breach of agreements, but are not yet recovered within a period of less than 30 days from the effective dates of recovery decisions.
4	Doubtful	(a) Debts which are overdue for a period of between 181 days and 360 days; or (b) Debts which are restructured repayment term for the first time but still overdue for a period of up to 90 days under that restructured repayment term; or (c) Debts which are restructured repayment term for the second time and are undue; or (d) Debts which are specified in point (d) of debt in Group 3 have not been recoverable for a period of between 30 days and 60 days after decisions on recovery have been issued; or (e) Debts which must be recovered under inspection conclusions but fail to be repaid although recovery term under inspection conclusions was overdue up to 60 days; or (f) Debts that need to be recovered under premature debt recovery decisions of credit institutions due to borrowers' breach of agreements, but are not yet recovered within a period of 30 to 60 days from the effective dates of recovery decisions.

<i>Group</i>		<i>Overdue status</i>
5	Loss	(a) Debts which are overdue for a period of more than 360 days; or (b) Debts which are restructured repayment term for the first time but still overdue for a period of 91 days or more than under that first restructured repayment term; or (c) Debts which are restructured repayment term for the second time but still overdue under that second restructured repayment term; or (d) Debts which are restructured repayment term for the third time or later, whether debts are overdue or not; or (e) Debts which are specified in point (d) of Sub-standard debts have not been recoverable for a period of more than 60 days after decisions on recovery have been issued; or (f) Debts which must be recovered under inspection conclusions but fail to be repaid although recovery term was overdue for more than 60 days; or (g) Debts that need to be recovered under premature debt recovery decisions due to borrowers' breach of agreements, but are not yet recovered within a period of more than 60 days from the effective dates of recovery decisions; or (h) Debts of customers being credit institutions which are announced by the SBV to place in special control status, or foreign banks' branches of which capital and assets are blockaded.

For off-balance sheet commitments, the Bank classified debts based on the number of overdue days from the date when the Bank performs its obligation under the commitments:

- Group 3 – Sub-standard debts: overdue below 30 days;
- Group 4 – Doubtful debts: overdue from 30 days to less than 90 days;
- Group 5 – Loss debts: overdue from 90 days and above.

Bad debts are those under Groups 3, 4 and 5.

Where a customer owes more than one debt to the Bank and has any of its debts classified to a higher risk group of debts, the Bank is obliged to classify the remaining debts of such customer into the group of debts with the highest risk.

The Bank also collects debt classification results of the customers provided by the National Credit Information Center of Vietnam ("CIC") at the date of debt classification to adjust its own classification of debts. If a customer's debts are classified in a debt group that has a lower risk than the debt groups provided in CIC's customer list, the Bank shall adjust its classification of debts following the debt groups provided by CIC.

#### **Debt classification for loans having rescheduled debt repayment term, exempted or reduced interest and fees in order to support customers affected by Covid-19 pandemic**

The Bank applied Circular No. 14/2021/TT-NHNN dated 7 September 2021 ("Circular 14") and Circular No. 03/2021/TT-NHNN dated 2 April 2021 ("Circular 03") issued by the SBV amending and supplementing certain articles of Circular No. 01/2020/TT-NHNN dated 13 March 2020 ("Circular 01") issued by the SBV on rescheduling the debt repayment term, exempting, reducing interest and fees, keeping debt group unchanged in order to support customers affected by Covid-19 pandemic. Accordingly, the customers whose loans were disbursed before 1 August 2021 and incurred obligations of paying principals and/or interest during the period from 23 January 2020 to 30 June 2022; and those customers are unable to pay the principal and/or interest in accordance to the payment schedules specified in signed loan contracts/agreements due to decrease in revenue, income caused by Covid-19 pandemic, the Bank is allowed to reschedule loan repayment term, exempt or reduce interest and fees, and keep the debt group unchanged when the following conditions are met:

- Loans disbursed before 1 August 2021 from lending, financial leases;
- Obligations of paying principals and/or interest incurred from 23 January 2020 to 30 June 2022;
- Outstanding loan balances rescheduled if belonging to one of the following cases:

Item	Details	Debt classification
a	Outstanding loan balances not past due or overdue up to 10 days from the due date, payment schedules specified in signed loan contracts/agreements, except for cases stipulated in item b, item c, item d.	Keeping the debt group unchanged as classified at the most recent date before the date of first rescheduling loan repayment period
b	Outstanding balances of loans disbursed before 23/1/2020 and overdue during the period from 23/1/2020 to 29/3/2020	Keeping the debt group unchanged as classified at the most recent date before 23/1/2020
c	Outstanding balances of loans disbursed from 23/1/2020 to before 10/6/2020 and overdue before 17/5/2021	Keeping the debt group unchanged as classified at the most recent date before the date the loan becomes overdue
d	Outstanding balances of loans disbursed from 10/6/2020 to before 1/8/2020 and overdue from 17/7/2021 to before 7/9/2021	Keeping the debt group unchanged as classified at the most recent date before the date the loan becomes overdue

(ii) *Allowance for credit risks*

Allowance for credit risks includes specific allowance for credit risks and general allowance for credit risks.

**Specific allowance for credit risks**

In accordance with Circular 11, specific allowance for credit risks at the end of each month is determined based on the allowance rates corresponding to debt classification results and debt principals balance as at the end of the month less discounted value of collateral assets.

The value and maximum discount rates for collateral assets are determined in accordance with Circular 11, according to which, each type of collateral assets has a specific maximum discount rate for the purpose of calculating allowance for credit risks.

The rates of specific allowance for specific loan groups are as follows:

Group	Loan group	Rates of specific allowance
1	Current debts	0%
2	Special mentioned debts	5%
3	Sub-standard debts	20%
4	Doubtful debts	50%
5	Loss debts	100%

In addition, the Bank determines and records the specific allowance amount required to be added for the entire outstanding loan balance of customers, including the loan balances with repayment period rescheduled, interest exempted or reduced according to the loan classifications in accordance with Circular 11 (if the regulations on keeping loan groups unchanged under the provisions of Circular 01, Circular 03 and Circular 14) as follows:

<b>Additional allowance by</b>	<b>Deadline</b>
At least 30% of the required additional specific allowance	By 31 December 2021
At least 60% of the required additional specific allowance	By 31 December 2022
100% of the required additional specific allowance	By 31 December 2023

As at 30 June 2022, the Bank had made allowance of 96.00% of the total additional allowance required to be made as mentioned above (31/12/2021: 43.00%).

Discount rates for collateral assets are determined in accordance with Circular 11 as follows:

<b>Types of collateral assets</b>	<b>Maximum discount rates</b>
(a) Deposits and certificates of deposits from customers in VND at the credit institutions or foreign banks' branches	100%
(b) Government bonds, gold bars, certificates of deposits from customers in foreign currencies at the credit institutions or foreign banks' branches	95%
(c) Municipal bonds, Government-guaranteed bonds, transferable instruments, valuable papers issued by the credit institution; deposits, certificates of deposit, bills and notes issued by other credit institutions or foreign bank branches: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ With a remaining term of below 1 year</li> <li>▪ With a remaining term of between 1 year to 5 years</li> <li>▪ With a remaining term of over 5 years</li> </ul>	95% 85% 80%
(d) Securities issued by other credit institutions and listed on a stock exchange	70%
(e) Securities issued by enterprises (except for credit institutions) and listed on a stock exchange	65%
(f) Securities unlisted on the Stock Exchange, valuable papers, except items specified in Point c, issued by credit institutions which have registered securities listing on the Stock Exchange	50%
Securities unlisted on the Stock Exchange, valuable papers, except items specified in Point c, issued by credit institutions which have not registered securities listing on the Stock Exchange	30%
(g) Unlisted securities and valuable papers issued by enterprises registered for listing on a stock exchange;	30%
Unlisted securities and valuable papers issued by enterprises not registered for listing on a stock exchange	10%
(h) Real estates	50%
(i) Other collateral assets	30%

### General allowance for credit risks

According to Circular 11, general allowance is also required at the rate of 0.75% of total balance of principal debts at the last working day of each month for debts classified in Group 1 to Group 4 except for term deposits with and loans to other CIs, purchases of valuable papers issued by other ICs and repurchases of Government bonds.

#### (iii) *Utilisation of allowance for credit risks*

According to Circular 11, loans and advances to customers are written off against the allowance when loans and advances to customers have been classified to Group 5 or when borrowers have been declared bankrupt or dissolved (for borrowers being organisations and enterprises) or borrowers are deceased or missing (for borrowers being individuals).

Debts written-off against allowance are recorded as off-balance sheet items for following up and collection. The amounts collected from the debts previously written-off are recognised in the statement of income upon receipt.

#### (iv) *Classification and provision for off-balance sheet commitments*

The classification of off-balance sheet commitments is conducted solely for risk management, credit quality supervision of credit granting activities. No provision is made for off-balance sheet commitments, except where the Bank has been required to made payment under the guarantee contract, in which case the payment on behalf is subject to debt classification and allowance is made in accordance with the policy described in this Note 3(i)(i) and Note 3(i)(ii).

### (j) **Derivative financial instruments**

#### *Forward and swap currency contracts*

Forward currency contracts and swap currency contracts are recorded at net contract values in the financial statements. The differences between the currency amounts which are committed to buy/sell at contractual exchange rate and the currency amounts translated at the spot exchange rate at effective date of the forward currency contracts and swap currency contracts are amortised to the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the terms of these contracts.

The positions of forward currency contracts are revalued at the spot exchange rate at the end of each month. Unrealised gains/losses at the monthly reporting date are recognised in "Foreign exchange differences" in equity in the statement of financial position and are recognised in the statement of income at the end of the accounting period.

### (k) **Debts purchased**

#### (i) *Debts purchased*

A debt purchased is recorded as a loan granted at the purchase price under the relevant contract. Interest income is recognised in the statement of income on an accrual basis from the purchase date except for the interest arising before the Bank purchases the debts which is deducted from the purchase price.

(ii) *Allowance for debts purchased*

Debts purchased are initially classified in the risk group which is not lower than the risk group of the debts determined by the seller before the purchase and allowance for debts purchased is made using the method described in Note 3(i).

(l) **Tangible fixed assets**

(i) *Cost*

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The initial cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after the tangible fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance and overhaul costs, is normally charged to statement of income in the period in which the costs are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of tangible fixed assets beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of tangible fixed assets.

(ii) *Depreciation*

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

▪ buildings	6 - 50 years
▪ machines and equipment	3 - 7 years
▪ means of transportation - transmission	10 years
▪ other tangible fixed assets	3 - 5 years

Loss or gain resulting from sales and disposals of tangible fixed assets is the difference between proceeds from sales or disposals of assets and their net book values together with their disposal expenses and is recognised in the statement of income.

(m) **Intangible fixed assets**

(i) *Land use rights*

Definite land use rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation. The initial cost of definite land use rights comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs incurred in conjunction with securing the land use rights. Definite land use rights are amortised on a straight-line basis over land use periods.

Indefinite land use rights are stated at cost and are not amortised. The initial cost of indefinite land use rights comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs incurred in conjunction with securing the land use rights.



(ii) *Software*

Cost of acquiring new software, which is not an integral part of the related hardware, is capitalised and treated as an intangible asset. Software cost is amortised on a straight-line basis over 8 years.

Loss or gain resulting from sales and disposals of intangible fixed assets is the difference between proceeds from sales or disposals of assets and their net book values together with disposal expense and is recognised in the statement of income.

(n) **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise capitalised office refurbishment expense, prepaid expenses for office rental and other prepaid expenses.

Capitalised office refurbishment expense is amortised in the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the period of 3 years. Office rental expense represents the amount which has been prepaid to lease the office. Prepaid expense for office rental is amortised in the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease period.

Other long-term prepayments include repair, maintenance cost for assets, tools and supplies issued for consumption and are considered to bring future economic benefits to the Bank. These expenses are capitalised as prepayments and are charged in the statement of income, on a straight-line basis over the period of more than one year and not exceeding three years in accordance with prevailing accounting regulations.

(o) **Other assets**

(i) *Construction in progress*

Construction in progress represents the construction or implementation costs of tangible and intangible fixed assets which have not been fully completed or installed. No depreciation is provided for construction in progress during the period of construction and installation.

(ii) *Expenses awaiting amortisation*

Expenses awaiting amortisation in respect of brokerage commission fees represent commission paid to the system of post offices directly related to the enhancement of loans to customers. These expenses are amortised according to the term of each loan to customers on a straight-line basis over a period ranging from below 1 year to 35 years.

Other expenses awaiting amortisation represent the value of tools and instruments awaiting amortisation and prepaid interest on term deposits from customers. Tools and instruments include assets held for use by the Bank in the normal course of business whose costs of individual items are less than VND30 million and therefore not qualified for recognition as fixed assets under prevailing regulations. Cost of tools and instruments are amortised on a straight-line basis over 2 years.

Expenses awaiting amortisation of prepaid interest on term deposits from customers are recognised at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over a period ranging from below 1 year to 10 years.

(iii) **Other assets**

Other assets, except receivables from Credit activities, are stated at cost less allowance for on-balance sheet assets.

Allowance for on-balance sheet assets is made based on overdue date of debts or estimated loss arising from undue debts of which the indebted economic entities fall bankrupt or are undergoing dissolution procedures; debtors are missing, have fled, are prosecuted, detained or tried by law enforcement bodies, are serving sentences or have deceased. Allowance expense is recorded in operating expense during the period.

For the overdue assets, the Bank applies the allowance rates by overdue period as follows:

<b>Overdue status</b>	<b>Rate of allowance</b>
▪ From 6 months to below 1 year	30%
▪ From 1 year to below 2 years	50%
▪ From 2 years to below 3 years	70%
▪ From 3 years and above	100%

Allowance for on-balance sheet assets provided for expected losses of undue debts is determined by the Bank after giving consideration to the recovery of these debts.

(p) **Goodwill**

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Cost of goodwill represents the excess of the cost of business combination over the Bank's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of combined business operation at the date of combination. Goodwill is recognised as an intangible asset and amortised on a straight-line basis over a period of not exceeding 10 years.

(q) **Amounts due to the Government and the SBV**

Amounts due to the Government and the SBV are stated at cost.

(r) **Deposits and borrowings from other CIs**

Deposits and borrowings from other CIs are stated at cost.

(s) **Deposits from customers**

Deposits from customers are stated at cost.

(t) **Valuable papers issued**

Valuable papers issued are recorded at cost. Costs of valuable papers issued include amounts received from issuance minus direct expenses of issuance.

(u) **Other payables**

Other payables are stated at cost.

(v) **Other provisions**

A provision other than the provisions described in Notes 3(d), 3(e), 3(f), 3(g), 3(h), 3(i), 3(k) and 3(o) is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

(w) **Capital**

(i) *Charter capital*

Charter capital is the total par value of the shares issued. Ordinary shares are stated at par value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from share premium.

(ii) *Share premium*

On receipt of capital from shareholders, the difference between the issuance price and the par value of the shares is recorded as share premium in equity.

(x) **Reserves**

According to Decree No. 93/2017/ND-CP dated 7 August 2017 issued by the Government of Vietnam providing regulations on the financial regime applicable to Credit institutions, the Bank is required to make the following allocations before distribution of profits:

	<b>Annual allocation</b>	<b>Maximum balance</b>
Reserve to supplement charter capital	5% of profit after tax	100% charter capital
Financial reserve	10% of profit after tax	Not specify

The financial reserve is used to cover remaining losses incurred during the normal course of business after the Bank is compensated by the organisations and individuals who make the loss and by insurance companies, and by utilisation of allowances provided; and for other purposes in accordance with the laws. These reserves are non-distributable and recognised as part of equity.

Other equity funds are allocated from profit after tax. The allocation from profit after tax and the utilisation of other equity funds are approved in the General Meeting of Shareholders. These funds are not required by law and are fully distributable.

**(y) Bonus and welfare fund**

Bonus and welfare fund is not required by law and is fully distributable, and is used primarily to make payments to the Bank's employees. Bonus and welfare fund is established by appropriating from net profits after tax in accordance with resolutions of the General Meetings of Shareholders and is recognised in liabilities of the Bank. The appropriation rate is decided by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of the Bank.

**(z) Commitments and contingent liabilities**

At any point of time, the Bank has outstanding credit commitments. These commitments are approved and unutilised loans and overdraft facilities. The Bank also provides financial guarantees and letters of credit to guarantee the performance of customers to third parties. Many of the contingent liabilities and commitments will expire without any advanced payment, in whole or in part. Therefore, these commitments and contingent liabilities do not represent expected future cash flows.

**(aa) Interest income**

Interest income is recognised in the statement of income on an accrual basis, except for interest on loans classified in Group 2 to Group 5 described in Note 3(i)(i) and debts kept unchanged in Group 1 (Current debts) as a result of adoption of Circular 01, Circular 03 and Circular 14. When loans are classified in Group 2 to Group 5 as described in Note 3(i)(i) or kept unchanged in Group 1 (Current debts) as a result of adoption of Circular 01, Circular 03 and Circular 14, interest receivable will be derecognised and recorded as off-balance sheet items and are recognised in the statement of income upon receipt.

When a debt is kept unchanged in the Current debts group as a result of implementing special policies of the State, the interest receivable arising during the period is accounted for on the basis of off-balance sheet and are recognised in the statement of income upon receipt.

**(bb) Interest expenses**

Interest expenses are recognised in the statement of income on accrual basis.

**(cc) Fee and commission income**

Fees and commission income includes fees and commission from settlement services, guarantee services, cashier services and other services. Fees and commission income are recognised in the statement of income when incurred.

**(dd) Fee and commission expenses**

Fee and commission expenses are recognised in the statement of income when these expenses are incurred.

**(ee) Income from investing activities**

Income from sale of securities is recognised in the statement of income upon receipt of the order matching notice from Vietnam Securities Depository (listed securities) and completion of the assets transfer agreement (unlisted securities) and is determined based on the differences between selling price and weighted average cost of securities sold.

Dividend income in cash and profit received from investment activities and capital contribution are recorded into the statement of income when the Bank's right to receive dividends and profit has been established.

Dividends received in the form of shares of joint stock companies are not recognised as an increase in investment and income in the statement of income. When share dividends are received, the Bank only recognises an increase in the number of shares.

**(ff) Operating lease payments**

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in the statement of income as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

**(gg) Taxation**

Income tax on the profit for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the statement of income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted at the end of the annual accounting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous periods.

Deferred tax is provided using the statement of financial position method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the accounting period.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

The determination of the tax currently payable and deferred tax is based on the current interpretation of tax regulations. However, these regulations are subject to periodic variation and their ultimate determination depends on the results of the tax authorities' examinations.

**(hh) Earnings per share**

The Bank presents basic and diluted earnings per share (“EPS”) for its ordinary shares. Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to the ordinary shareholders (after deducting any amounts appropriated to bonus and welfare fund for the accounting period) of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. At the reporting date and for the year then ended, the Bank had no dilutive potential ordinary shares and therefore does not present diluted EPS.

**(ii) Related parties**

Parties are considered to be related to the Bank if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or where the Bank and the other party are subject to common control or significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities and include close family members of any individual considered to be a related party.

**(jj) Segment reporting**

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Bank that is engaged either in providing related products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Bank’s primary format for segment reporting is based on geographical segments. The Bank’s secondary format for segment reporting is based on business segments.

**(kk) Nil balances**

Items or balances required by Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014 (“Circular 49”) of the SBV on amending and supplementing a number of articles of financial reporting system of Credit institutions accompanying Decision No. 16/2007/QĐ-NHNN dated 18 April 2007 and Decision No. 479/2004/QĐ-NHNN dated 29 April 2004 of the SBV’s Governor and the accompanying chart of accounts of Credit institutions that are not shown in these interim financial statements indicate nil balances.

(II) **Financial instruments**

Solely for the purpose of providing disclosures about the significance of financial instruments to the Bank's financial position and results of operations and the nature and extent of risk arising from financial instruments, the Bank classifies its financial instruments as follows:

(i) **Financial assets**

*Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:*

A financial asset at fair value through profit or loss is a financial asset that meets either of the following conditions:

- It is considered by management as held for trading. A financial asset is considered as held for trading if:
  - it is acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
  - there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
  - a derivative (except for a derivative that is financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).
- Upon initial recognition, it is designated by the Bank as at fair value through profit or loss.

*Held-to-maturity investments:*

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and a fixed maturity that the Bank has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity, other than:

- those that the Bank upon initial recognition designates as at fair value through profit or loss;
- those that the Bank designates as available-for-sale; or
- those that meet the definition of loans and receivables.

*Loans and receivables*

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than those:

- that the Bank intends to sell immediately or in the near term, which are classified as held for trading, and those that the Bank on initial recognition designates as at fair value through profit or loss;
- that the Bank upon initial recognition designates as available-for-sale; or
- for which the Bank may not recover substantially all of its initial investment, other than because of credit deterioration, which are classified as available-for-sale.

*Available-for-sale financial assets*

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or that are not classified as:

- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
- held-to-maturity investments; or
- loans and receivables.

**(ii) Financial liabilities**

*Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss*

A financial liability at fair value through profit or loss is a financial liability that meets either of the following conditions:

- It is considered by management as held for trading. A financial liability is considered as held for trading if:
  - it is incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term;
  - there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
  - a derivative (except for a derivative that is financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).
- Upon initial recognition, it is designated by the Bank as at fair value through profit or loss.

*Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost*

Financial liabilities which are not classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are classified as financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

The above described classification of financial instruments is solely for presentation and disclosure purpose and is not intended to be a description of how the instruments are measured. Accounting policies for measurement of financial instruments are disclosed in other relevant notes.

**(mm) Comparative information**

Comparative information in these interim financial statements is presented as corresponding figures. Under this method, comparative information for the prior period/year are included as an integral part of the current period interim financial statements and are intended to be read only in relation to the amounts and other disclosures relating to the current period. Accordingly, the comparative information included in these interim financial statements is not intended to present the Bank's financial position, results of operation or cash flows for the prior period.



#### 4. Cash on hand

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Cash on hand in VND	1,880,885	2,663,442
Cash on hand in foreign currencies	135,969	87,836
	2,016,854	2,751,278

#### 5. Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Balance of current account at the SBV		
▪ In VND	4,824,545	9,678,761
▪ In foreign currencies	9,934	188,885
	4,834,479	9,867,646

Balances with the SBV consists of compulsory reserve requirement and current account.

Under the SBV's regulations relating to the compulsory reserve, banks are permitted to maintain a floating balance for the compulsory reserve requirement ("CRR"). The monthly average balance of the reserve must not be less than corresponding compulsory reserve requirement rates multiplied with preceding month's average balances of deposits.

The CRR rates at the period-end/year-end were as follows:

	CRR rate	
	30/6/2022	31/12/2021
Preceding month's average balances of deposits of:		
<i>Customers:</i>		
▪ Demand deposits and deposits in VND with terms of less than 12 months	3%	3%
▪ Deposits in VND with terms of and more than 12 months	1%	1%
▪ Demand deposits and deposits in foreign currencies with terms of less than 12 months	8%	8%
▪ Deposits in foreign currencies with term of and more than 12 months	6%	6%

Annual interest rates at the period-end/year-end were as follows:

	30/6/2022	31/12/2021
Deposits in VND within the compulsory reserve requirement	0.50%	0.50%
Deposits in USD within the compulsory reserve requirement	0.00%	0.00%
Deposits in VND beyond the compulsory reserve requirement	0.00%	0.00%
Deposits in USD beyond the compulsory reserve requirement	0.00%	0.00%

## 6. Deposits with and loans to other credit institutions

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
<b>Deposits to other credit institutions</b>		
Demand deposits		
▪ In VND	499,442	2,192,380
▪ In foreign currencies	591,629	329,431
Term deposits		
▪ In VND	11,221,370	11,857,549
▪ In foreign currencies	6,555,795	6,908,400
	<u>18,868,236</u>	<u>21,287,760</u>
<b>Loans to other CIs</b>		
▪ In VND	358,198	1,150,733
▪ Allowance for loans to other CIs	(5,468)	-
	<u>352,730</u>	<u>1,150,733</u>
	<u>19,220,966</u>	<u>22,438,493</u>

Balances with and loans to other CIs by groups were as follows:

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Group 1 - Current debts	18,129,895	19,916,682
Group 5 - Loss debts	5,468	-
	<u>18,135,363</u>	<u>19,916,682</u>

Movements in allowance for loans to other CIs during the period were as follows:

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
Opening balance	-	-
Allowance made during the period (Note 30)	5,468	-
Closing balance	<u>5,468</u>	<u>-</u>

Annual interest rates at the period-end/year-end were as follows:

	30/6/2022	31/12/2021
Term deposits in VND	0.80 - 4.50%	1.00% - 2.57%
Term deposits in foreign currencies	0.90 - 1.90%	0.01% - 0.50%
Loans in VND	0.00 - 5.80%	0.00% - 6.20%
Loans in foreign currencies	0.00%	0.00%

## 7. Securities held for trading

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
<b>Other securities held for trading</b>		
Open-ended fund certificates issued by foreign economic entities	237,085	232,521

Listing status of securities held for trading was as follows:

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
<b>Other securities held for trading</b>		
Unlisted	237,085	232,521

## 8. Derivatives and other financial assets/(liabilities)

Details of financial derivatives at the end of the period/year were as follows:

	30/6/2022		31/12/2021	
	Total contract nominal value VND million	Total carrying value Assets/ (liabilities) VND million	Total contract nominal value VND million	Total carrying value Assets/ (liabilities) VND million
<b>Derivative financial instruments</b>				
Foreign exchange forward contracts	32,318,136	98,042	5,542,835	29,667
Foreign exchange swap contracts	104,179,377	(172,233)	69,876,588	55,164
	136,497,513	(74,191)	75,419,423	84,831

## 9. Loans to customers

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Loans to local economic entities and individuals	226,439,659	208,456,839
Loans on discounting negotiable instruments and valuable papers	130,231	88,119
Loans financed by sponsored and trusted funds	345,005	409,178
	226,914,895	208,954,136

Portfolio of loans to customers by loan group was as follows:

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Group 1 - Current debts	220,871,796	204,089,692
Group 2 - Special mentioned debts	2,860,151	2,000,990
Group 3 - Substandard debts	771,080	460,296
Group 4 - Doubtful debts	574,138	1,069,630
Group 5 - Loss debts	1,837,730	1,333,528
	226,914,895	208,954,136

As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Bank applied Circular 01, Circular 03 and Circular 14 in debt classification in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 3(i). Accordingly, the Bank is allowed to reschedule loan repayment periods for those loans meeting the conditions specified in Circular 01, Circular 03 and Circular 14 and loan groups are kept unchanged.

Portfolio of loans to customers by term was as follows:

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Short term loans	81,980,579	70,667,278
Medium term loans	95,735,164	92,483,210
Long term loans	49,199,152	45,803,648
	226,914,895	208,954,136

Portfolio of loans to customers by type of customers and economic entities was as follows:

	30/6/2022		31/12/2021	
	VND million	%	VND million	%
<b>Loans to economic entities</b>				
State-owned enterprises	296	0.00%	330	0.00%
One-member limited 100% State-owned enterprises	423,860	0.19%	499,015	0.24%
Other limited companies	24,036,316	10.59%	22,203,461	10.63%
Joint stock companies in which the State's holding percentage is more than 50%	4,154,324	1.83%	4,592,964	2.20%
Other joint stock companies	78,888,990	34.77%	84,356,365	40.37%
Partnerships	862	0.00%	-	0.00%
Private companies	6,219	0.01%	6,941	0.01%
Cooperatives, cooperative unions	98,628	0.04%	117,168	0.06%
Administrative units, parties, unions and associations	30,040	0.01%	30,299	0.01%
<b>Loans to individuals</b>				
Individuals and households	119,275,360	52.56%	97,147,593	46.48%
	<b>226,914,895</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>208,954,136</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

Portfolio of loans to customers by industry sectors was as follows:

	30/6/2022		31/12/2021	
	VND million	%	VND million	%
Agriculture, forestry and aquaculture	18,219,090	8.03%	13,470,163	6.45%
Mining	813,790	0.36%	800,577	0.38%
Manufacturing and processing	19,501,422	8.59%	16,862,684	8.07%
Electricity, gas, hot water, steam and air-conditioning	4,429,713	1.95%	4,535,069	2.17%
Water supplying and garbage and sewage treatment and management	3,693,566	1.63%	3,685,765	1.76%
Construction	24,706,754	10.89%	22,122,535	10.59%
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motor cycles	60,230,147	26.54%	49,897,059	23.88%
Transport, warehouse	4,236,192	1.87%	5,423,936	2.60%
Hospitality services	14,355,878	6.33%	11,561,203	5.53%
Information and communications	681,232	0.30%	1,016,955	0.49%
Finance, banking and insurance	699,288	0.31%	1,083,904	0.52%
Real estate trading	956,754	0.42%	1,018,201	0.49%
Science and technology	5,075,110	2.24%	5,780,649	2.77%
Administrative activities and supporting services	6,091,274	2.68%	6,742,539	3.23%
The Communist Party, socio-political unions, state management, security and national defence, compulsory social insurance	1,261,628	0.56%	1,562,237	0.75%
Education and training	1,332,032	0.59%	3,300,602	1.58%
Health care and social work	439,979	0.19%	410,519	0.20%
Art, playing and recreation	4,315,475	1.90%	7,921,959	3.79%
Other service activities	796,077	0.35%	500,894	0.24%
Households services	55,079,494	24.27%	51,256,686	24.51%
	226,914,895	100.00%	208,954,136	100.00%

Annual interest rates at the period-end/year-end were as follows:

	30/6/2022	31/12/2021
Loans in VND	5.00% - 14.00%	3.25% - 18.15%
Loans in foreign currencies	2.50% - 5.50%	2.50% - 7.50%

## 10. Allowance for loans to customers

Allowance for loans to customers include:

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
General allowance	1,677,058	1,554,425
Specific allowance	2,182,826	1,616,277
	3,859,884	3,170,702

Movements in allowance for loans to customers were as follows:

	General allowance VND million	Specific allowance VND million	Total VND million
Balance at 1 January 2022	1,554,425	1,616,277	3,170,702
Allowance made during the period (Note 30)	122,633	809,852	932,485
Allowance utilised during the period	-	(243,303)	(243,303)
Balance at 30 June 2022	1,677,058	2,182,826	3,859,884

	General allowance VND million	Specific allowance VND million	Total VND million
Balance at 1 January 2021	1,312,305	952,896	2,265,201
Allowance made during the period (Note 30)	103,053	512,959	616,012
Allowance utilised during the period	-	(414,253)	(414,253)
Balance at 30 June 2021	1,415,358	1,051,602	2,466,960

## 11. Debts purchased

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Debts purchased in VND	1,570,109	-
Allowance for debts purchased	(11,776)	-
	1,558,333	-

Details of the principal and interest of the debts purchased were as follows:

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Principal of the debts purchased	1,550,199	-
Interest of the debts purchased	19,910	-
	1,570,109	-

Portfolio of debts purchased by loan group was as follows:

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Group 1 – Current debts	1,567,464	-
Group 2 – Special mentioned debts	2,443	-
Group 3 – Sub-standard debts	202	-
	1,570,109	-



## 12. Investment securities

### (a) Available-for-sale investment securities

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
<b>Debt securities</b>		
▪ Bonds issued by the Government and local Governments (i)	27,608,335	25,003,990
▪ Bonds issued by other local Credit institutions (ii)	14,494,256	13,196,903
<i>In which: Bonds guaranteed by the Government</i>	2,244,628	2,247,617
▪ Bonds issued by local economic entities	-	74,800
<b>Equity securities</b>		
▪ Equity securities issued by other local CIs	1	431,113
	42,102,592	38,706,806
<b>Allowance for investment securities</b>		
▪ General allowance	-	(635)
▪ Allowance for diminution in value of securities	-	(16,685)
	-	(17,320)
	42,102,592	38,689,486

- (i) These represent bonds issued by the State Treasury and Hai Phong People's Committee, denominated in VND. These bonds have terms ranging from 5 to 20 years and earn annual interest rates from 2.00% to 9.10% (31/12/2021: from 1.10% to 9.10%). Interest is payable annually.
- (ii) These represent bonds issued by other local CIs, denominated in VND. Such bonds have terms ranging from 6 months to 10 years and earn annual interest rates from 2.30% to 7.50% (31/12/2021: from 2.30% to 8.80%). Interest is payable bi-annually or annually.

As at 30 June 2022, the Bank used debt securities including Government bonds amounting to VND13,239,340 million (31/12/2021: VND13,279,340 million) as collateral at other CIs to secure its borrowings and term deposits from other CIs (Note 18), and amounting to VND3,090,000 million (31/12/2021: VND3,090,000 million) at Vietnam Securities Depository as collateral for bonds issued by the Bank (Note 20).

(b) Listing status of available-for-sale securities

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
<b>Debt securities</b>		
Government bonds, local Government bonds - listed	27,608,335	25,003,990
Issued by local CIs - unlisted	14,494,256	13,196,903
Issued by local economic entities - unlisted	-	74,800
<b>Equity securities</b>		
Issued by other local CIs - listed	1	431,113
	<u>42,102,592</u>	<u>38,706,806</u>

(c) Allowance for investment securities

Six-month period ended 30 June 2022

	Allowance for diminution in value of available-for-sale debt securities VND million	General allowance for available-for-sale debt securities VND million	Total VND million
Opening balance	16,685	635	17,320
Allowance reversed during the period (Notes 27, 30)	(16,685)	(635)	(17,320)
Closing balance	-	-	-

Six-month period ended 30 June 2021

	Allowance for diminution in value of available-for-sale VND million	General allowance for available-for-sale VND million	Total VND million
Opening balance	11,264	3,052	14,316
Allowance reversed during the period (Notes 27, 30)	-	(67)	(67)
Closing balance	<u>11,264</u>	<u>2,985</u>	<u>14,249</u>

### 13. Other long-term investments

Details of other long-term investments were as follows:

	30/6/2022 and 31/12/2021		
	Number of shares owned	Cost VND million	Ownership %
<b>Investments in economic entities</b>			
Lien Viet Securities Joint Stock Company	1,375,000	15,931	5,50
Viet Lao Power Joint Stock Company	30,000,000	300,000	9,60
		315,931	

### 14. Tangible fixed assets

Six-month period ended 30 June 2022

	Buildings VND million	Machines and equipment VND million	Means of transportation - transmission VND million	Other tangible assets VND million	Total VND million
<b>Cost</b>					
Opening balance	632,296	699,662	885,093	313,651	2,530,702
Additions	-	40,803	15,835	13,708	70,346
Construction in progress completed	102,050	-	-	-	102,050
Disposals	-	(2,894)	(20,255)	(689)	(23,838)
Closing balance	734,346	737,571	880,673	326,670	2,679,260
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>					
Opening balance	233,125	528,659	459,368	216,731	1,437,883
Charge for the period	23,597	37,493	40,040	21,750	122,880
Disposals	-	(2,708)	(16,689)	(682)	(20,079)
Closing balance	256,722	563,444	482,719	237,799	1,540,684
<b>Net book value</b>					
Opening balance	399,171	171,003	425,725	96,920	1,092,819
Closing balance	477,624	174,127	397,954	88,871	1,138,576

Included in tangible fixed assets were assets costing VND684,848 million which were fully depreciated as of 30 June 2022 (31/12/2021: VND582,787 million), but which are still in use.

## 15. Intangible fixed assets

Six-month period ended 30 June 2022

	Definite land use rights VND million	Software VND million	Total VND million
<b>Cost</b>			
Opening balance	409,789	262,760	672,549
Additions	-	8,337	8,337
Disposals	-	(23,802)	(23,802)
Closing balance	409,789	247,295	657,084
<b>Accumulated amortisation</b>			
Opening balance	16,666	164,245	180,911
Charge for the period	1,547	13,063	14,610
Disposals	-	(23,736)	(23,736)
Closing balance	18,213	153,572	171,785
<b>Net book value</b>			
Opening balance	393,123	98,515	491,638
Closing balance	391,576	93,723	485,299

Included in intangible fixed assets were assets costing VND42,898 million which were fully amortised as of 30 June 2022 (31/12/2021: VND61,033 million), but which are still in use.

## 16. Other assets

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Receivables	1,444,292	1,248,734
In which:		
▪ Receivables from UPAS L/C (Usance L/C payable at sight) (i)	384,408	-
▪ Advance for purchase of fixed assets	270,153	320,184
▪ Advance for construction for charity purposes (ii)	238,179	338,816
▪ Deposit for operating activities	232,475	228,000
▪ Advance for operating activities	109,789	58,186
▪ Receivables from post offices of provinces (iii)	66,260	49,781
▪ Advance for office renovation	51,995	34,983
▪ Deposits for long-term office rental	34,479	34,890
▪ Receivables from the SBV relating to the interest rate subsidy program (iv)	9,268	9,268
▪ Other receivables	47,286	174,626
Interest and fee receivables	3,881,837	5,383,067
Other assets	632,897	818,920
In which:		
▪ Prepaid expenses (v)	595,501	782,908
▪ Other assets	37,396	36,012
Allowance for other on-balance sheet assets	(4,919)	(4,919)
	<u>5,954,107</u>	<u>7,445,802</u>

- (i) These represent receivables from importers who are customers of the Bank from the UPAS L/C (Usance L/C payable at sight) issued by the Bank. Accordingly, the counterpart bank pays the beneficiary (exporter) before the due date of the deferred payment documents and earns the prepayment service fee.
- (ii) These represent advance payment of expenses for constructions of works for social charity purposes including: funding to support education, health-care, recovery from natural disaster, poor households, and others under decisions of the Board of Directors. As at 30 June 2022, these projects have not been completed and not yet finalised.
- (iii) These are receivables from provincial post offices related to fundraising and deposit-taking of the Bank. These amounts occur every day and have the repayment term of within one month.
- (iv) This amount mainly represents interest receivable from the SBV under the interest rate subsidy program accompanying Decision No. 131/QD-TTg dated 23 November 2009 issued by the Prime Minister of the Government guiding the interest rate subsidy to organisations, individuals who borrow money from banks for production and business purposes.

(v) Prepaid expenses include:

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Brokerage commission fees (*)	239,181	263,760
Payment for office rental	194,207	228,440
Head office repair and improvement expenses	108,438	123,829
Other prepaid expenses (**)	53,675	166,879
	595,501	782,908

(\*) These are commissions paid to the system of post offices directly related to lending to customers. These expenses are amortised according to the term of each loan to customer.

(\*\*) Other prepaid expenses include tools and instruments and prepaid interest expenses on term deposits from customers and advances for construction activities for charity purposes which had been completed and awaiting cost finalisation documents.

## 17. Amounts due to the Government and the State Bank of Vietnam

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
<b>Borrowings from the SBV</b>		
▪ Borrowings based on credit facilities (i)	142,441	168,382
▪ Borrowings secured by mortgage of valuable papers	-	1,534,482
<b>Deposits from the State Treasury</b>		
▪ Deposit in VND	2,468	10
	144,909	1,702,874

(i) The borrowings have original terms ranging from 1 to 9 years and bear annual interest rate of 3.30% to 3.84% (31/12/2021: 3.30% to 3.86%).

## 18. Deposits and borrowings from other credit institutions

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
<b>Demand deposits from other CIs</b>		
▪ In VND	29,577	26,944
▪ In foreign currencies	10	10
<b>Term deposits from other CIs</b>		
▪ In VND	26,055,520	26,174,277
▪ In foreign currencies	9,054,901	10,647,600
	35,140,008	36,848,831
<b>Borrowings from other CIs</b>		
▪ In VND	8,153,844	7,151,774
▪ In foreign currencies	2,325,540	2,280,775
	10,479,384	9,432,549
	45,619,392	46,281,380

Period-end/year-end annual interest rates were as follows:

	30/6/2022	31/12/2021
Demand deposits in VND	0.00 - 0.10%	0.00% - 0.10%
Demand deposits in foreign currencies	0.00%	0.00%
Term deposits in VND	0.70% - 3.05%	0.80% - 3.20%
Term deposits in foreign currencies	0.85% - 1.93%	0.10% - 0.55%
Borrowings in VND	2.10% - 4.82%	0.85% - 4.70%
Borrowings in foreign currencies	0.75% - 4.54%	0.75% - 2.54%

As at 30 June 2022, the Bank pledged debt securities being Government bonds amounting to VND13,239,340 million (31/12/2021: VND10,189,340 million) at other Credit institutions as collaterals for borrowings and term deposits from other Credit institutions (Note 12).

## 19. Deposits from customers

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
<b>Current accounts</b>		
▪ In VND	13,480,616	17,264,500
▪ In foreign currencies	667,522	581,941
<b>Term deposits</b>		
▪ In VND	167,996,658	158,755,651
▪ In foreign currencies	3,479,530	3,401,189
<b>Marginal deposits</b>		
▪ In VND	143,022	245,670
▪ In foreign currencies	4,739	18,314
<b>Deposits for special purposes</b>		
▪ In VND	531	382
▪ In foreign currencies	14,934	8,699
	185,787,552	180,276,346

Deposits from customers by type of customers and economic entities were as follows:

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
<b>Deposits from economic entities</b>		
State-owned enterprises	6,475,455	6,122,567
One-member limited 100%-state-owned enterprises	38,309,076	37,913,585
Limited companies with two members of more in which the State's percentage of contributed capital is more than 50%	14,735	13,466
Other limited liability companies	3,656,348	3,267,124
Joint stock companies in which the State's holding percentage is more than 50%	4,950,371	4,232,566
Other joint stock companies	7,374,672	8,123,061
Partnerships	13,536	5,197
Sole proprietorship	10,420	17,391
Foreign-invested enterprises	1,929,477	973,892
Cooperatives and cooperative unions	10,501	6,485
Business households	2,570	6,633
Non-business administrative entities, party entities, unions and associations	3,800,723	4,446,983
Others	288,045	61,984
<b>Deposits from individuals</b>		
Individuals	118,951,623	115,085,412
	185,787,552	180,276,346



Period-end/year-end annual interest rates were as follows:

	<b>30/6/2022</b>	<b>31/12/2021</b>
Current accounts in VND	0.00% - 0.30%	0.00% - 0.20%
Current accounts in foreign currencies	0.00% - 0.30%	0.00%
Term deposits in VND	0.00% - 8.20%	0.01% - 7.80%
Term deposits in foreign currencies	0.00% - 0.40%	0.00% - 0.40%
Marginal deposits in VND	0.00% - 6.30%	0.00% - 7.10%
Marginal deposits in foreign currencies	0.00% - 0.30%	0.00%
Deposits for special purposes in VND	0.00% - 0.10%	0.00% - 0.10%
Deposits for special purposes in foreign currencies	0.00%	0.00%

## 20. Valuable papers issued

	<b>30/6/2022</b> <b>VND million</b>	<b>31/12/2021</b> <b>VND million</b>
<b>Certificates of deposits in VND</b>		
▪ Below 12 months	2,000,000	-
▪ From 12 months to 5 years	17,315	10,252,389
<b>Bonds in VND</b>		
▪ From 12 months to 5 years	27,522,817	18,871,647
▪ More than 5 years	9,309,561	7,613,593
	<b>38,849,693</b>	<b>36,737,629</b>

As at 30 June 2022, the Bank pledged debt securities being Government bonds amounting to VND3,090,000 million (31/12/2021: VND3,090,000 million) at Vietnam Securities Depository Center as collaterals for bonds issued by the Bank (Note 12).

Period-end/year-end annual interest rates were as follows:

	<b>30/6/2022</b>	<b>31/12/2021</b>
<b>Certificates of deposits in VND</b>		
Below 12 months	3.20% - 3.50%	-
From 12 months to 5 years	4.00% - 8.80%	4.00% - 8.80%
<b>Bonds in VND</b>		
From 12 months to 5 years	2.90% - 7.10%	3.60% - 7.10%
More than 5 years	7.35% - 8.13%	4.43% - 8.40%

## 21. Other liabilities

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Accrued interest and fees payable	5,245,692	5,696,602
Internal payables	162,418	251,332
External payables	4,872,609	1,223,725
▪ Capital contribution from shareholders (i)	2,650,712	-
▪ Payables for Vi Viet e-wallet services	530,952	425,554
▪ Tax payables (Note 22)	385,936	230,687
▪ Payables for UPAS L/C (Usance L/C payable at sight)	384,408	-
▪ Amount due to customers awaiting settlement	747,131	365,982
▪ Commissions fees for provincial post office	64,384	72,036
▪ Payables for card services	51,064	58,294
▪ Revenue awaiting allocation	10,009	10,432
▪ Payables for purchasing of fixed assets and construction in progress	10,292	8,326
▪ Payables for e-banking services	1,092	4,032
▪ Other payables	36,629	48,382
Bonus and welfare fund (ii)	412,405	222,114
	10,693,124	7,393,773

- (i) On 25 March 2022, the Bank's Board of Directors approved Resolution No. 150/2022/NQ-HDQT on the issuance of shares to existing shareholders according to the Plan to increase charter capital approved in the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in 2021. Accordingly, the Bank distributed 264,999,670 shares according to the Certificate of Registration for Additional Public Offering No. 70/GCN-UBCK dated 15 March 2022. The proceeds from this issuance will be recognized as an increase in charter capital after the Bank receives its amended Enterprise Registration Certificate updating the new charter capital.
- (ii) Movements in bonus and welfare fund during the period were as follows:

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
Opening balance	222,114	95,075
Appropriation in the period (Note 23)	256,931	303,097
Utilisation in the period	(66,640)	(173,645)
Closing balance	412,405	224,527

## 22. Obligations to the State Treasury

*Six-month period ended 30 June 2022*

	Opening balance VND million	Incurred during the period		Closing balance VND million
		Incurred VND million	Paid/ offset VND million	
Value added tax	17,831	42,577	(52,162)	8,246
Corporate income tax	185,000	733,128	(559,628)	358,500
Other taxes	27,856	108,263	(116,929)	19,190
	230,687	883,968	(728,719)	385,936

*Six-month period ended 30 June 2021*

	Opening balance VND million	Incurred during the period		Closing balance VND million
		Incurred VND million	Paid/ offset VND million	
Value added tax	14,826	34,658	(37,945)	11,539
Corporate income tax	215,900	419,903	(228,803)	407,000
Other taxes	18,222	105,886	(114,281)	9,827
	248,948	560,447	(381,029)	428,366

### 23. Capital and reserves

	Charter capital VND million	Share premium VND million	Reserve to supplement charter capital VND million	Financial reserve VND million	Investment and development fund VND million	Retained profits VND million	Total VND million
<b>Balance at 1/1/2022</b>	12,035,905	57	731,028	1,448,839	3,793	2,582,255	16,801,877
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	2,855,468	2,855,468
Capital increase through issuance of shares under the employee stock option plan (i)	349,958	-	-	-	-	-	349,958
Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund	-	-	-	-	-	(256,931)	(256,931)
<b>Balance at 30/6/2022</b>	12,385,863	57	731,028	1,448,839	3,793	5,180,792	19,750,372
<b>Balance at 1/1/2021</b>	10,746,389	57	587,366	1,161,514	3,793	1,732,607	14,231,726
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	1,617,467	1,617,467
Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund	-	-	-	-	-	(303,097)	(303,097)
<b>Balance at 30/6/2021</b>	10,746,389	57	587,366	1,161,514	3,793	3,046,977	15,546,096

- (i) On 26 January 2022, the Bank sent Official Letter No. 780/2022/LienVietPostBank to the State Securities Commission of Vietnam to report the results of the Bank's share issuance under employee stock option plan. Accordingly, the total number of issued shares is 34,995,849 shares, equivalent to 99.99% of the total number of shares expected to be issued. The number of employees offered is 6,512. The transfer restriction period for those shares is 1 year from completion date of the issuance.

On 14 February 2022, the State Securities Commission of Vietnam issued Official Letter No. 669/UBCK-QLCB to confirm its receipts of documents on the results of the Bank's share issuance under the employee stock option plan in the Report No. 780/2022/LienVietPostBank dated 26 January 2022. Accordingly, the Bank issued 34,995,849 shares, equivalent to VND349,958,490,000.

**Details of investment capital and shares of the Bank**

	<b>30/6/2022</b>	<b>31/12/2021</b>
Shares registered for issuance	1,238,586,323	1,203,590,474
Issued share capital <i>Ordinary shares</i>	<i>1,238,586,323</i>	<i>1,203,590,474</i>
Shares in circulation <i>Ordinary shares</i>	<i>1,238,586,323</i>	<i>1,203,590,474</i>
Par value of a share (VND)	10,000	10,000

**Details of investment capital and shares of owners**

	<b>Capital contributed as at</b>			
	<b>30/6/2022</b>		<b>31/12/2021</b>	
	<b>VND million</b>	<b>Percentage</b>	<b>VND million</b>	<b>Percentage</b>
Vietnam Post Corporation	1,221,753	9.86%	1,221,753	10.15%
Other shareholders	11,164,110	90.14%	10,814,152	89.85%
	<b>12,385,863</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>12,035,905</b>	<b>100%</b>

As at 30 June 2022, a shareholder of the Bank, Vietnam Post Corporation, held more than 5% of the Bank's ordinary shares. Vietnam Post Corporation operates under Business Registration Certificate No. 0102595740 and its Head Office is located at No. 5, Pham Hung Street, My Dinh Ward, Nam Tu Liem District, Hanoi, Vietnam.

## 24. Net interest income

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
<b>Interest and similar income</b>		
▪ Interest income from deposits	121,246	45,438
▪ Interest income from loans to customers	10,829,152	9,230,237
▪ Interest income from trading and investing in debt securities	899,339	848,768
▪ Income from debts trading activities	5,411	-
▪ Income from guarantee services	15,227	15,483
▪ Other income from credit activities	12	104
	<hr/> 11,870,387	<hr/> 10,140,030
<b>Interest and similar expenses</b>		
▪ Interest expenses on deposits	(4,478,361)	(4,434,447)
▪ Interest expenses on borrowings	(122,868)	(51,714)
▪ Interest expenses on valuable papers issued	(952,374)	(997,892)
▪ Interest expenses on other credit activities	(396,206)	(425,144)
	<hr/> (5,949,809)	<hr/> (5,909,197)
<b>Net interest income</b>	<hr/> 5,920,578	<hr/> 4,230,833

## 25. Net fee and commission income

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
<b>Fee and commission income</b>		
▪ Settlement and treasury services	104,338	112,966
▪ Entrusting, consulting and insurance agency services	389,272	262,148
▪ Other services	156,157	124,063
	<hr/> 649,767	<hr/> 499,177
<b>Fee and commission expenses</b>		
▪ Settlement and treasury services	(82,888)	(70,612)
▪ Other expenses	(46,091)	(37,974)
	<hr/> (128,979)	<hr/> (108,586)
<b>Net fee and commission income</b>	<hr/> 520,788	<hr/> 390,591

**26. Net gain from trading of foreign currencies**

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
<b>Income from trading of foreign currencies</b>		
▪ Income from spot foreign exchange trading	278,176	326,239
▪ Income from currency derivatives	609,787	123,955
	<hr/> 887,963	<hr/> 450,194
<b>Expenses for trading of foreign currencies</b>		
▪ Expenses for spot foreign exchange trading	(15,989)	(191)
▪ Expenses for currency derivatives	(834,192)	(336,969)
	<hr/> (850,181)	<hr/> (337,160)
<b>Net gain from trading of foreign currencies</b>	<hr/> 37,782	<hr/> 113,034

**27. Net gain from investment securities**

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
Gain from investment securities	343,011	24,378
Loss from investment securities	(13,061)	(22,555)
Reversal of allowance for investment securities (Note 12)	16,685	-
<b>Net gain from investment securities</b>	<hr/> 346,635	<hr/> 1,823

Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank  
 1st, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th Floors, Thaiholdings Tower  
 210 Tran Quang Khai Street, Trang Tien Ward  
 Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam  
 Notes to the interim financial statements  
 for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

**Form B05a/TCTD**  
*(Issued in accordance with Circular  
 No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN  
 dated 31 December 2014 of  
 the Governor of State Bank of Vietnam)*

## 28. Net gain from other activities

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
<b>Income from other activities</b>		
▪ Proceeds from disposal of assets	4,717	7,732
▪ Income from debts written off	216,942	94,147
▪ Income from interest rate swaps	6,300	-
▪ Other income	8,973	3,427
	236,932	105,306
<b>Expenses for other activities</b>		
▪ Other expenses	(30,435)	(66,923)
<b>Net income from other activities</b>	206,497	38,383



## 29. Operating expenses

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
Staff costs	1,401,511	1,090,724
In which:		
<i>Salaries and allowances</i>	1,172,416	912,945
<i>Salary-based expenses</i>	109,515	100,912
<i>Severance allowances</i>	403	350
<i>Other staff costs</i>	119,177	76,517
Expenses on assets	421,734	431,388
In which:		
<i>Depreciation and amortisation</i>	137,490	138,009
<i>Rental expenses</i>	163,542	157,346
<i>Others</i>	120,702	136,033
Management expenses	523,900	429,884
In which:		
<i>Per diem</i>	7,950	6,786
<i>Expenses for union activities</i>	130	106
<i>Other administration expenses</i>	515,820	422,992
Insurance expenses on deposits of customers	89,179	80,436
Tax, duties and fees	55,236	51,734
Amortisation of goodwill	-	34,342
Other operating expenses	3,855	2,841
	2,495,415	2,121,349

## 30. Allowance and provision expenses

	Note	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
Provision of allowance for loans to other institutions	6	5,468	-
Provision of general allowance for loans to customers	10	122,633	103,053
Provision of specific allowance for loans to customers	10	809,852	512,959
Provision of allowance for debt purchases	11	11,776	-
Reversal of general allowance for corporate bonds	12	(635)	(67)
		949,094	615,945

### 31. Income tax

#### (a) Recognised in the statement of income

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
<b>Current tax expense</b>		
Current period	717,600	407,474
Under provision in prior years	15,528	12,429
	<u>733,128</u>	<u>419,903</u>

#### (b) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
Accounting profit before tax	<u>3,588,596</u>	<u>2,037,370</u>
Tax at the Bank's tax rate	717,765	407,474
Under provision in prior years	15,528	12,429
Tax exempt income	(165)	-
	<u>733,128</u>	<u>419,903</u>

#### (c) Applicable tax rates

The usual income tax rate applicable to the Bank before any incentives is 20%. The income tax computation is subject to the review and approval of the tax authorities.

## 32. Earnings per share

### Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022 was based on the profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, calculated as follows:

#### (a) Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
Net profit during the period	2,855,468	1,617,467
Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund	-	-
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	<u>2,855,468</u>	<u>1,617,467</u>

As at of these interim financial statements, the Bank's Board of Management was unable to reliably estimate the amount to be appropriated to bonus and welfare fund from profit of the current period. Had the Bank made appropriation to bonus and welfare fund, net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and basic earnings per share would have decreased.

#### (b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 Shares	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 Shares (Restated)	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 Shares (As previously reported)
Issued ordinary shares at the beginning of the period	1,203,590,474	1,074,638,915	1,074,638,915
Effect of issuance of shares for dividend payment	-	128,951,559	128,951,559
Effect of issuance of shares under the employee stock option plan (Note 23)	29,968,821	-	-
Shares publicly offered to existing shareholders in 2022 (Note 21)	130,647,172	127,473,152	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the period	<u>1,364,206,467</u>	<u>1,331,063,626</u>	<u>1,203,590,474</u>

(c) **Basic earnings per share**

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021  (Restated)	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021  (As previously reported)
Basic earnings per share (VND/share)	2,093	1,215	1,344

(d) **Restatement of the weighted average number of shares and basic earnings per share for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021**

During the six-month period ended 30 June 2022, the Bank issued 264,999,670 ordinary shares to the Bank's existing shareholders at the price of VND10,000 per share, which is lower than the market price of the shares in circulation. Therefore, this is considered a bonus element in the issuance of shares. Therefore, the weighted average number of ordinary shares for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 would be restated to recalculate basic earnings per share for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021.

Basic earnings per share for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021 are restated as follows:

	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Basic earnings per share VND
As previously reported	1,203,590,474	1,344
Effect of the shares publicly offered to existing shareholders in 2022	127,473,152	(129)
As restated	1,331,063,626	1,215

**33. Cash and cash equivalents**

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Cash on hand	2,016,854	2,751,278
Balances with the SBV	4,834,479	9,867,646
Deposits with other CIs with original term not exceeding 3 months	18,868,236	21,287,760
	25,719,569	33,906,684

### 34. Assets, valuable papers for pledging, mortgaging and discount, re-discount

#### (a) Assets, valuable papers for pledging, mortgaging and discount, re-discount

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Real estate	358,264,201	289,986,925
Movable assets	11,800,489	11,429,379
Valuable papers	90,788,936	87,036,658
Others	87,177,992	64,966,016
	548,031,618	453,418,978

#### (b) Assets and valuable papers pledged/mortgaged or given for discount, re-discount

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Debt securities	16,329,340	14,729,340

### 35. Off-balance sheet items

#### (a) Contingent liabilities and other commitments

	30/6/2022		31/12/2021			
	Contractual value - gross VND million	Margin deposits VND million	Contractual value - net VND million	Contractual value - gross VND million	Margin deposits VND million	Contractual value - net VND million
Loan guarantees	63,340	-	63,340	63,340	-	63,340
Foreign exchange commitments	106,148,587	-	106,148,587	72,977,996	-	72,977,996
<i>In which:</i>						
▪ <i>Foreign currency purchase commitments</i>	630,142	-	630,142	2,270,761	-	2,270,761
▪ <i>Foreign currency sale commitments</i>	911,669	-	911,669	1,130,987	-	1,130,987
▪ <i>Swap commitments</i>	104,606,776	-	104,606,776	69,576,248	-	69,576,248
Letters of Credit	1,410,356	46,703	1,363,653	1,413,842	131,989	1,281,853
Other guarantee	893,000	71,976	821,024	983,198	91,403	891,795
Other commitments	2,299,072	29,082	2,269,990	2,828,995	40,593	2,788,402

(b) Uncollected loan interest and fees

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Loan interest not yet collected	1,672,965	1,782,255

(c) Written-off bad debts

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Written-off principal of debts under surveillance	2,109,019	2,052,215
Written-off interest of debts under surveillance	1,093,776	1,071,566
Other written-off debts	147	147
	3,202,942	3,123,928

(d) Other assets and documents in custody

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
Other assets kept under custody	3,494,221	4,508,038

36. Concentration of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet commitments by geographical segments

As at 30 June 2022

	Domestic VND million	Overseas VND million	Total VND million
Deposits with and loans to other CIs	18,853,704	372,730	19,226,434
Securities held for trading and investment securities - gross	42,102,592	237,085	42,339,677
Derivative financial instruments (Total contract value)	136,497,513	-	136,497,513
Loans to customers - gross	226,914,895	-	226,914,895
Long-term investments	315,931	-	315,931
Amounts due to the SBV	144,909	-	144,909
Deposits and borrowings from other CIs	43,294,642	2,324,750	45,619,392
Deposits from customers	185,468,335	319,217	185,787,552
Valuable papers issued	38,849,693	-	38,849,693
Contingent liabilities and credit commitments - gross	3,255,413	1,410,355	4,665,768

### 37. Significant transactions and balances with related parties

Significant transactions and balances with related parties at the period-end and during the period were as follows:

	30/6/2022 VND million	31/12/2021 VND million
	<b>Receivables/(payables)</b>	
<b>Vietnam Post Corporation</b>		
▪ Term and demand deposits	(699,744)	(878,869)
▪ Other receivables	66,260	49,781
▪ Interest payables on term deposits	(12,915)	(6,016)
	<b>Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million</b>	<b>Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million</b>
	<b>Income/(expense)</b>	
<b>Vietnam Post Corporation</b>		
▪ Interest expenses paid	(989)	(11,512)

Remuneration, salary and other benefits of the key management personnel compensation were as follows:

	Six-month period ended 30/6/2022 VND million	Six-month period ended 30/6/2021 VND million
Board of Directors, Supervisory Board	9,967	9,607
Chief Executive Officer and other key management personnel	2,682	2,682

### 38. Disclosure of financial instruments

Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC dated 6 November 2009 issued by the Ministry of Finance requires the Bank to disclose the measurement method and related information of fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities for the purpose of comparing their fair value and book value.

The following table presents fair value and book value of the Bank's financial instruments at the end of the annual accounting period:

As at 30 June 2022

	Carrying value					Fair value VND million
	Held-for- trading VND million	Held-to- maturity VND million	Loans and receivables VND million	Available- for-sale VND million	Recognised at amortised cost VND million	
<b>Financial assets</b>						
Cash on hand	2,016,854	-	-	-	-	2,016,854
Balances with the SBV	4,834,479	-	-	-	-	4,834,479
Deposits with and loans to other CIs- net	-	-	19,220,966	-	-	19,220,966
Securities held for trading	237,085	-	-	-	-	237,085
Loans to customers- net	-	-	223,055,011	-	-	223,055,011
Debt purchases- net	-	-	1,558,333	-	-	1,558,333
Investment securities- net	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term capital contribution and investments	-	315,931	-	42,102,592	-	315,931
Fixed assets- net	-	-	-	-	1,623,875	1,623,875
Other financial assets	-	232,475	4,561,455	-	-	4,793,930
	7,088,418	548,406	248,395,765	42,102,592	1,623,875	299,759,056
<b>Financial liabilities</b>						
Amounts due to the Government and the SBV	-	-	-	-	144,909	144,909
Deposits and borrowings from other CIs	-	-	-	-	45,619,392	45,619,392
Deposits from customers	-	-	-	-	185,787,552	185,787,552
Derivatives and other financial liabilities	74,191	-	-	-	-	74,191
Valuable papers issued	-	-	-	-	38,849,693	38,849,693
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	7,071,644	7,071,644
	74,191	-	-	-	277,473,190	277,547,381

(\*) The Bank has not determined fair values of these financial instruments for disclosure in the interim financial statements because information about their market prices is not available and there is currently no guidance on determination of fair value using valuation techniques under Vietnamese Accounting Standards or the Vietnamese Accounting System applicable to Credit institutions issued by the SBV. The fair values of these financial instruments may differ from their carrying amounts.



### 39. Financial risk management

This note provides information of the Bank's exposure to risk and describes the policies, the methods used by the Bank's Board of Management to control risk. The most important types of financial risk to which the Bank is exposed are currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

#### *Risk management policy*

The Bank's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Bank's risk management framework. The Board has established Risk Management Committee and ALCO, which are responsible for developing and monitoring the Bank's risk management policies in specified areas.

The Bank's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks exposed to the Bank, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adhere to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions, products and services offered. The Bank, through its training activities, management standards and management systems, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment, in which all employees understand their roles and responsibilities.

The Legislation & Risk Management Division is a focal point to cooperate with Operational Division to undertake both regular and ad-hoc reviews of risk management controls and monitoring procedures, the results of which are reported to the Chief Executive Officer, the Board of Directors. The Internal Audit Division undertakes independent reviews/inspections

Along with setting up the departments in charge of risk management and risk management policies relating to financial instruments, the Bank also coordinates with suppliers in the information technology and telecommunication sectors to build an integrated system of risk management tools to support the risk management operation in protecting customers, suppliers and therefore, to enhance the sustainable development of the Bank.

The policies on currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk are analysed in details in Notes 40, 41 and 42.

#### 40. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to price movements in the market. Market risk arises from the open position of interest rates, currency products and equity instruments, all of which are affected by fluctuations in the market in general and each type of market in particular, and changes in market price volatility such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices.

##### (a) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that values of financial instruments will be affected by the changes in foreign exchange rate. The Bank was incorporated and operates in Vietnam and its reporting currency is Vietnam Dong (VND). Most of the Bank's transactions are denominated in VND and USD. As reporting currency of the Bank is VND, thus, the Bank's financial statements could be affected by fluctuations of exchange rate between USD and VND.

Risk arising from transactions denominated in foreign currency would result in foreign exchange gain or loss and these are recognised in the statement of income. This risk exposes when the assets and liabilities of the Bank are denominated in currencies other than the reporting currency and these include cash on hand, deposits with and loans to other CIs, investment securities, loans to customers, deposits and borrowings from other CIs, deposits from customers, other borrowed and entrusted funds and valuable papers issued.

The Bank has set limits on position of each currency based on the internal risk assessment of the Bank and regulations of the SBV. A foreign currency position is monitored on a daily basis and hedging strategies that the Bank ensures positions to be maintained within the established limits. The Bank also maintains open positions to earn profits from exchange rate fluctuations.

The followings are the major exchange rates applied by the Bank at the end of the accounting period:

	30/6/2022 VND	31/12/2021 VND
USD	23,248.00	22,800.00
EUR	24,420.00	26,052.00
GBP	28,223.00	30,708.00
CHF	24,415.00	24,900.00
JPY	170.97	199.66
SGD	16,743.00	16,841.00
CAD	18,097.00	17,851.00
AUD	16,032.00	16,621.00
HKD	3,003.00	2,948.00

Carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities by type of currencies as at 30 June 2022 are as follows:

Notes to the interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

As at 30 June 2022

Assets	VND VND million	USD VND million	EUR VND million	Other currencies VND million	Total VND million
Cash on hand	1,880,885	105,934	66	29,969	2,016,854
Balances with the SBV	4,824,545	9,934	-	-	4,834,479
Deposits with and loans to other CIs	12,079,010	6,972,216	19,349	155,859	19,226,434
Securities held for trading	-	237,085	-	-	237,085
Loans to customers - gross	220,795,411	6,119,484	-	-	226,914,895
Debt purchases - gross	1,570,109	-	-	-	1,570,109
Investment securities - gross	42,102,592	-	-	-	42,102,592
Long-term capital contribution and investments	315,931	-	-	-	315,931
Fixed assets - net	1,623,875	-	-	-	1,623,875
Other assets	5,224,012	718,287	570	16,157	5,959,026
	290,416,370	14,162,940	19,985	201,985	304,801,280

Liabilities and owner's equity

Amounts due to the Government and the SBV	144,909	-	-	-	144,909
Deposits and borrowings from other CIs	34,238,941	11,380,451	-	-	45,619,392
Deposits from customers	181,620,827	4,120,431	10,639	35,655	185,787,552
Derivatives and other financial liabilities	-	74,191	-	-	74,191
Valuable papers issued	38,849,693	-	-	-	38,849,693
Other liabilities	10,281,789	389,989	5	21,341	10,693,124
Capital and reserves	19,750,372	-	-	-	19,750,372
	284,886,531	15,965,062	10,644	56,996	300,919,233

FX position on balance sheet

FX position on balance sheet	5,529,839	(1,802,122)	9,341	144,989	3,882,047
FX position off-balance sheet	284,975	(381,754)	129,423	(29,196)	3,448

FX position on and off-balance sheet

FX position on and off-balance sheet	5,814,814	(2,183,876)	138,764	115,793	3,885,495
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*Sensitivity to exchange rate*

Below is an analysis of the possible impact on the results of operations and equity for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022 of the Bank. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

	<b>Effect to results of operations – increase/(decrease) in profit VND million</b>	<b>Effect to owners’ equity – increase/(decrease) in equity VND million</b>
<b>Six-month period ended 30 June 2022</b>		
VND appreciates 2% against USD	43,678	34,942
VND depreciates 2% against USD	(43,678)	(34,942)

**(b) Equity price risk**

Equity price risk is the risk that the market values of equities decrease as a result of changes in the values of individual securities. The equity price risk exposure arises from the Bank’s available-for-sale equity securities.

As at 30 June 2022 and 1 January 2022, the Bank’s exposure to equity price risk is minimal because the Bank did not hold significant balance of available-for-sale listed equity securities at the reporting dates.

**(c) Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the possibility of the Bank’s income or asset value being affected when market interest rate fluctuates. Interest rate risk to the Bank’s operation possibly derives from difference in maturity or amount between interest-bearing assets and liabilities. Some assets have no specific term or are sensitive to interest rates and do not correspond to specific liabilities.

The assets and liabilities of the Bank are classified by term according to an earlier time between the re-pricing period and the maturity date at the end of the accounting period. Expected re-pricing date and maturity date of assets might be very different from those specified in the contract, especially the deposits from customers.

Interest rate risk to the Bank possibly arises from investment, funding and lending activities.

The interest rate re-pricing term of assets and liabilities is the remaining period from the date of financial statements to the nearest interest rate re-pricing date. The following assumptions and conditions have been adopted in the analysis of interest rate re-pricing term of the Bank's assets and liabilities:

- Cash on hand, securities held for trading, long-term investments and other assets (including fixed assets and other assets) are classified as non interest-bearing items at effective interest rates;
- Balances with the SBV are classified as current deposits, including compulsory reserves, thus the re-pricing interest rate term is assumed to be interest free or within one month;
- The interest rate re-pricing term of investment securities is determined based on contractual interest rate re-pricing term of each security;
- The interest rate re-pricing term of deposits with and loans to other CIs; loans to customers, debt purchases and amounts due to the Government and the SBV; deposits and borrowings from other CIs; deposits from customers are determined as follows:
  - Items with fixed interest rate during the contractual period: the interest rate re-pricing term is determined from the reporting date to maturity date;
  - Items with floating interest rate: the re-pricing interest rate term is determined from the reporting date to the nearest interest rate re-pricing date.
- The interest rate re-pricing term of valuable papers issued is determined based on the actual maturity date of each valuable paper issued; is dependent on the Bank's regulations on interest rates of each issuance.
- Derivatives and other financial liabilities, and other liabilities are classified as non interest-bearing items at effective interest rates;

The following table shows the Bank's assets and liabilities categorised by the earlier of contractual repricing date or maturity date at the end of the accounting period:

**Lien Viet Post Joint Stock Commercial Bank**  
**1st, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th Floors, Thaiholdings Tower**  
**210 Tran Quang Khai Street, Trang Tien Ward, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam**  
**Notes to the interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022 (continued)**

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*of the Governor the State Bank of Vietnam)*

As at 30 June 2022	Free of interest	Less than 1 month	From 1 month to 3 months	From over 3 months to 6 months	From over 6 months to 12 months	Over 1 year to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
VND million	VND million	VND million	VND million	VND million	VND million	VND million	VND million	VND million
<b>Assets</b>								
Cash on hand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,016,854
Balances with the SBV	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,834,479
Deposits with and loans to other CIs	5,468	12,640,756	6,329,378	50,832	200,000	-	-	19,226,434
Securities held for trading	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	237,085
Loans to customers - gross (*)	1,432,418	53,539,330	103,932,140	16,963,852	21,840,386	25,503,810	3,702,959	226,914,895
Debt purchases - gross	-	521,137	689,848	284,863	66,691	7,570	-	1,570,109
Investment securities - gross	-	100,000	50,002	2,299,807	3,204,400	12,949,938	23,498,444	42,102,592
Long-term capital contribution and investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	315,931
Fixed assets- net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,623,875
Other assets	7,332	-	-	232,475	-	-	-	5,959,026
	1,445,218	14,747,444	111,001,368	19,831,829	25,311,477	38,461,318	27,201,403	304,801,280
<b>Liabilities</b>								
Amounts due to the Government and the SBV	-	-	2,468	9	18,447	54,395	1,245	144,909
Deposits and borrowings from other CIs	-	-	31,887,954	10,863,386	1,187,609	1,480,441	106,550	45,619,392
Deposits from customers	-	-	38,449,912	28,063,928	34,610,206	13,057,193	1,699	185,787,552
Derivatives and other financial liabilities	-	74,191	-	-	-	-	-	74,191
Valuable papers issued	-	-	605,115	1,008,686	5,247,129	18,223,676	3,064,448	38,849,693
Other liabilities	-	10,693,124	-	-	-	-	-	10,693,124
	-	10,767,315	70,945,449	39,936,009	41,063,391	32,815,705	3,173,942	281,168,861
Interest sensitivity gap on balance sheet	1,445,218	3,980,129	(4,144,226)	71,065,359	(21,231,562)	5,645,613	24,027,461	23,632,419

(\*) This balance is determined based on the contractual overdue days of each loan, not on customers basis.

## **41. Credit risk**

Credit risk to the Bank derives from lending, investing and granting guarantees to customers or third parties in which the Bank acts as an intermediary.

Credit risk arises when counterparties lose their ability to pay debt and are monitored continually. To manage the credit risk level, the Bank is attempting to transact only with counterparties who have high credit rating and require collateral if appropriate.

Credit risk to the Bank mainly derives from lending and advances to customers. The credit risk level is shown on the carrying value of the assets in the statement of financial position. In addition, the Bank also faces credit risk in the form of off-balance sheet commitments to extend credit and guarantees.

The concentration of credit risk (on or off-balance sheet) rising from financial instruments accompanies groups of partners in which members have similar economic characteristics that would cause the ability of the groups to fulfil their obligations to be affected if there are fluctuations in economic conditions or other conditions.

The main concentration of credit risk is from various areas and types of customers regarding to investments, loans and advances, credit commitments and guarantees granted by the Bank. Credit risk of the Bank is focused on certain number of economic sectors.

The Bank controls and manages risks by setting policies and procedures, including the credit risk management and operation policy of Risk Council, Risk and Debt Treatment Council and Credit Council. The Bank classifies its loans to customers and other CIs based on Circular 11, through which the Bank could regularly assess risks of doubtful debts, non-performing loans, and propose appropriate solutions.

The Bank manages and controls credit risk by setting policies and issuing regulations regarding to the management of credit risk, creating credit process, reviewing credit risk, building credit rating system, loans classifying and decentralising credit.

### ***Collaterals***

Collaterals are valued by a department independent from the business department, based on market values at the valuation date. The valuation of collaterals is updated periodically in accordance with the regulations. Collaterals mainly comprise real estates, machineries and equipment, and valuable papers. Guidance on valuation of collaterals being movable assets, real estates is regularly reviewed and updated to comply with the SBV's regulations.

### ***Commitments and guarantees***

To meet the financial needs of customers, the Bank enters into various irrevocable commitments and contingent liabilities. The Bank also perform credit rating and credit risk classification for these commitments and guarantees.

Set out below is the maximum credit exposure of the Bank's balance sheet, excluding any collateral held or credit enhancements:

As at 30 June 2022

	Not overdue and not requiring allowance VND million	Overdue from 10 to 90 days VND million	Overdue from 91 to 180 days VND million	Overdue from 181 to 360 days VND million	Overdue yet more than 360 days VND million	Overdue and allowance provided VND million	Total VND million
Balances with the SBV	4,834,479	-	-	-	-	-	4,834,479
Deposits with and loans to other CIs	19,220,966	-	-	-	-	5,468	19,226,434
Securities held for trading	237,085	-	-	-	-	-	237,085
Loans to customers - gross (*)	216,076,863	745,802	147,354	124,856	552,057	9,267,963	226,914,895
Debt purchases	1,567,464	2,041	202	-	-	402	1,570,109
Investment securities - gross	42,102,592	-	-	-	-	-	42,102,592
Other financial assets	4,786,598	-	-	-	-	7,332	4,793,930
	288,826,047	747,843	147,556	124,856	552,057	9,281,165	299,679,524

(\*) This balance is determined based on the customers basis.

Refer to types and value of collaterals in Note 34. The Bank is currently holding collateral in the forms of real estate, movable assets, valuable papers and others in kind for the above financial assets. However, the Bank has not been able to determine the fair value of such assets due to the lack of specific guidance and necessary market information. For the purpose of determining whether the assets are impaired and any provision is needed under Vietnamese Accounting Standards, these assets' value are measured in accordance with Circular 11.



## 42. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that results in the Bank's losses and/or failing to meet its payment obligation when the Bank cannot mobilise sufficient liquid capital at appropriate costs and/or cannot sell assets at fair value and/or the Bank has to mobilise funds at high costs to meet its payment obligations at a point of time. Liquidity risk arises due to: un-matching of maturity terms of assets and maturity terms of liabilities, the sensitivity of financial assets to changes in interest rates that makes the Bank unable to meet its payment obligation.

### *Liquidity risk management*

The Bank's objective in managing liquidity risk is to ensure as much as possible that the Bank has sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations as and when they fall due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring preventable losses or affecting the reputation of the Bank.

To limit this risk, the Bank has maintained an appropriate structure of assets and liabilities and also strengthened the ability to raise fund from diversified sources. The Bank manages assets with liquidity in mind and monitoring future cash flows and liquidity on a daily basis. The Bank has also assessed the expected cash flows and the availability of current collaterals if additional funding is required.

In addition, the Bank maintains a deposit at the SBV in accordance with current regulations on statutory reserves, and at the same time ensures to maintain solvency ratios, short-term capital ratios for medium and long-term loans and operational prudential ratio limits in accordance with SBV's regulations.

### *Analysis of assets and liabilities based on remaining period to maturity*

The maturity term of assets and liabilities represents the remaining period from the reporting date to the maturity date agreed in the contracts or in terms of issuance.

The following assumptions and conditions have been adopted in the analysis of the Bank's maturity relating to its assets and liabilities:

- Balance with the SBV is classified as current deposits including the required reserve, which is determined upon the composition and maturity of the Bank's customer deposits.
- The maturity term of investment securities is based on the contractual maturity date of each type of securities.
- The maturity term of deposits with and loans to other CIs and loans to customers is based on the contractual maturity date. The actual settlement date sometimes varies contractual maturity date when the loan and deposit contracts are extended.
- The maturity term of equity investment is considered to be more than 5 years as equity investments have indefinite maturity.
- The maturity term of deposits, loans from other CIs and deposits from customers are determined on the nature of these amounts or maturity date. For demand deposits from business entities and other borrowed and entrusted funds, there is an assumption that a certain volume is maintained in the next term.

- The current accounts of other CIs (“vostro”) and current accounts which are settled upon customers’ demand are considered to be current. The maturity term of term borrowings and deposits is based on their contractual maturity dates. In practice, such items may be rolled over and maintained for longer period.
- The maturity term of fixed assets is determined based on their remaining useful lives.

The table below shows the analysis of assets and liabilities of the Bank by terms of maturity based on the remaining period from the end of the accounting period to the maturity date. In fact, the settlement date of financial assets and liabilities could be different according to separate agreements or amendments to contracts if any.

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**Notes to the interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022 (continued)**

	Overdue			Not past due			Total
	Up to 3 months VND million	More than 3 months VND million	Up to 1 month VND million	From over 1 month to 3 months VND million	From over 3 months to 12 months VND million	From over 1 year to 5 years VND million	
<b>Assets</b>							
Cash on hand	-	-	2,016,854	-	-	-	2,016,854
Balances with the SBV	-	-	4,834,479	-	-	-	4,834,479
Deposits with and loans to other CIs	5,468	-	12,640,756	6,329,378	250,832	-	19,226,434
Securities held for trading	-	-	237,085	-	-	-	237,085
Loans to customers - gross (*)	845,740	586,678	9,844,425	19,444,849	85,050,130	85,300,282	226,914,895
Debt purchases	-	-	521,137	689,848	351,554	7,570	1,570,109
Investment securities - gross	-	-	100,000	50,002	5,504,208	12,949,938	42,102,592
Long-term capital contribution and investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	315,931
Fixed assets- net	-	-	-	-	-	1,623,875	1,623,875
Other assets	7,332	-	5,719,219	-	232,475	-	5,959,026
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>858,540</b>	<b>586,678</b>	<b>35,913,955</b>	<b>26,514,077</b>	<b>91,389,199</b>	<b>99,881,665</b>	<b>304,801,280</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>							
Amounts due to the Government and the SBV	-	-	2,468	9	86,792	54,395	144,909
Deposits and borrowings from other CIs	-	-	31,887,954	10,863,386	1,281,061	1,480,441	45,619,392
Deposits from customers	-	-	39,187,133	27,326,707	106,214,820	13,057,193	185,787,552
Derivatives and other financial liabilities	-	-	74,191	-	-	-	74,191
Valuable papers issued	-	-	605,115	1,008,686	7,702,932	20,223,399	38,849,693
Other liabilities	-	-	10,693,124	-	-	-	10,693,124
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>82,449,985</b>	<b>39,198,788</b>	<b>115,285,605</b>	<b>34,815,428</b>	<b>281,168,861</b>
<b>Net liquidity gap</b>	<b>858,540</b>	<b>586,678</b>	<b>(46,536,030)</b>	<b>(12,684,711)</b>	<b>(23,896,406)</b>	<b>65,066,237</b>	<b>23,632,419</b>

(\*) This balance is determined based on the contractual overdue days of each loan, not on customers basis.

### 43. Segment reporting

#### Primary segment reporting by geographical segments

	As at 30/6/2022		Six-month period ended 30/6/2022			
	Total balance of loans to customers and debt purchases VND million	Total deposits, loans (assets) VND million	Total deposits, borrowings (liabilities) VND million	Trading and investment securities VND million	Total revenue VND million	Total expenses VND million
The North	112,799,820	108,242	114,149,529	-	5,807,777	3,864,170
The Central	18,282,888	10,980	13,841,651	-	929,079	595,346
The South	97,402,296	73,982	27,627,327	-	5,050,127	1,588,568
Others	-	23,867,709	114,783,039	42,102,592	2,218,585	5,102,016
	228,485,004	24,060,913	270,401,546	42,102,592	14,005,568	11,150,100

#### Secondary segment reporting by business segments

Six-month period ended 30/6/2022	Credit VND million	Investments VND million	Treasury business and fundraising VND million	Others VND million	Total VND million
Segment operating results	9,711,050	1,246,609	(4,864,028)	(3,238,163)	2,855,468
Segment assets	227,365,429	43,584,191	26,270,909	3,698,704	300,919,233
Segment liabilities	-	-	275,721,429	5,447,432	281,168,861

#### 44. Post balance sheet event

Up to the date of these interim financial statements, there are no significant events occurring subsequent to 30 June 2022 that may significantly affect the financial position of the Bank and require adjustments or disclosures to be made in the interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022.

#### 45. Seasonal or cyclical factors

The Bank's operation results are not affected by seasonal or cyclical factors except for the following items:

##### (a) Statutory reserves

The Bank is required to make allocations to the reserve to supplement charter capital on an annual basis. The Bank will make allocations to the reserve to supplement charter capital after a decision on reserve appropriation is made at the annual general meeting of shareholders.

##### (b) Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund and basic earnings per share

The appropriation to bonus and welfare fund from the profit after tax of current period shall be made following the approval of the Bank's General Meeting of Shareholders based on figures of the annual financial statements. The amount appropriated to the bonus and welfare fund presented in Note 23 is allocated from 2021's and 2020's retained profits as approved by the Bank's General Meeting of Shareholders. Therefore, when calculating basic earnings per share for the six-month periods ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021, the Bank has not excluded amount to be appropriated to the bonus and welfare fund for the period because the Bank's Board of Management is unable to estimate reliably the amount to be allocated to the bonus and welfare fund from the profit of current period.

#### 46. Unusual items

During the six-month period ended 30 June 2022, the Bank restructured loan repayment periods, offered exemption/reduction of interest/fees to and kept loan groups unchanged for Covid-19 affected customers according to Circular 03 and Circular 14 (Note 3(i)).

#### 47. Changes in the composition of the Bank

There is no significant change in the composition of the Bank during the six-month period ended 30 June 2022.

#### 48. Changes in accounting estimates

There were not any changes in accounting estimates in preparation and presentation of these interim financial statements as compared with those made in the most recent annual accounting period.

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for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

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dated 31 December 2014 of  
the Governor of State Bank of Vietnam)

#### 49. Approval of the financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Management of the Bank on 12 August 2022.

12 August 2022

Prepared by:



Tran Hoai Thu  
Head of Finance Department

Reviewed by:



Nguyen Thi Gam  
Chief Accountant

Approved by:



Pham Doan Son  
Chief Executive Officer

